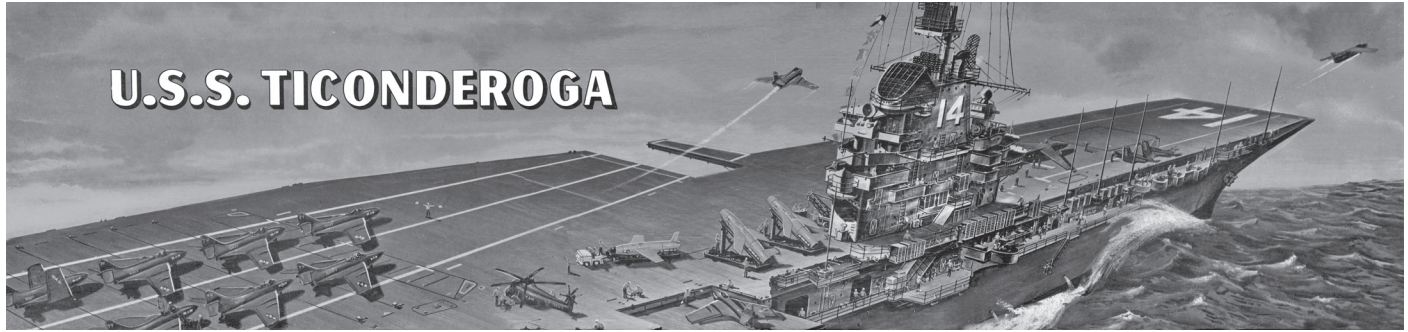




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KIT R611

USS TICONDEROGA CV-14




" Preserving the Past while Building the Future" Atlantis Models

The USS Ticonderoga was named in honor of the capture of Fort Ticonderoga in the American Revolutionary War. This Essex Class ship was the 4th to bear the name. She received five battle stars during WWII. In the early 1950s she was modernized with an angled-deck. In the Vietnam War she earned three Navy Unit Commendations, one Meritorious Unit Commendation, and 12 battle stars. In 1972, the ship recovered 3 astronauts from the Apollo 17 space mission. This kit includes Regulus I missiles and launchers, moving elevators, full hull, flag sheet, updated full color decals and an airwing with F9F-8 Cougars (wings folded and unfolded), A3D Skywarriors, and Helicopter.


L'USS Ticondéroga a été nommé en l'honneur de la capture du fort Ticondéroga dans la guerre d'indépendance américaine. Ce vaisseau de la classe Essex était le 4ème à porter le nom. Elle a reçu cinq étoiles de bataille pendant la seconde guerre mondiale. Au début des années 1950, elle a été modernisée avec un pont incliné. Au cours de la guerre du Viêt Nam, elle a remporté trois distinctions unitaires de la marine, une mention d'unité méritoire et 12 étoiles de bataille. En 1972, le vaisseau a récupéré 3 astronautes de la mission spatiale Apollo 17. Ce kit comprend des missiles et des lanceurs Regulus I, des ascenseurs en mouvement, une coque pleine, une feuille de drapeau, des décalcomanies entièrement colorées et une aile avec des Cougars F9F-8 (ailes pliées et dépliés), A3D Skywarriors et Hélicopter.

El USS Ticonderoga fue nombrado en honor a la captura del fuerte Ticonderoga en la guerra revolucionaria americana. Esta nave de la clase Essex fue la 4ª en llevar el nombre. Recibió cinco estrellas de batalla durante la segunda guerra mundial. A principios de la década de 1950 fue modernizada con una cubierta en ángulo. En la guerra de Vietnam obtuvo tres elogios de la unidad de la Armada, una recomendación de unidad meritoria y 12 estrellas de batalla. En 1972, la nave recuperó 3 astronautas de la misión espacial Apolo 17. Este kit incluye misiles y lanzadores Regulus I, ascensores en movimiento, casco completo, hoja de bandera, calcomanías a todo color actualizadas y un ala aérea con F9F-8 Cougars (alas plegadas y desplegada), A3D Skywarriors y helicóptero.


READ THIS BEFORE YOU BEGIN

- * Study the assembly drawings.
- * Each plastic part is identified by a number.
- * In the assembly drawings, some parts will be marked by a star  to indicate chrome plated plastic.
- * For better paint and decal adhesion, wash the plastic parts in a mild detergent solution. Rinse and let air dry.
- * Check the fit of each piece before cementing in place.
- * Use only cement for polystyrene plastic.
- * Scrape plating and paint from areas to be cemented.
- * Allow paint to dry thoroughly before handling parts.
- * Any unused parts may be discarded.

LISEZ CECI AVANT DE COMMENCER

- * Étudiez les plans d'assemblage.
- * Chaque pièce de plastique est identifiée par un numéro.
- * Dans les plans d'assemblage, certaines pièces seront marquées d'une étoile  pour indiquer des pièces en plastique plaquées chrome.
- * Pour une meilleure adhésion de la peinture et de la décalcomanie, lavez les pièces en plastique dans une solution de détergent doux. Rincez et laissez sécher à l'air.
- * Vérifiez l'ajustement de chaque pièce avant de la coller en place.
- * Utilisez uniquement de la colle pour plastique au polystyrène.
- * Grattez toute peinture et le placage sur les régions à coller.
- * Laissez sécher la peinture complètement avant de manipuler des pièces.
- * Toute pièce non-utilisée peut être jetée.

LEA ESTO ANTES DE EMPEZAR

- * Estudie los dibujos de ensamblaje.
- * Cada parte plástica está identificada con un número.
- * En los dibujos de ensamblaje, algunas partes aparecerán marcadas con una estrella  para indicar plástico enchapado en cromo.
- * Para mejor adhesión de pintura y calcomanías, lave las partes plásticas en una solución de detergente suave. Enjuague y deje secar al aire.
- * Verifique el encastrado de cada pieza antes de cementar en su lugar.
- * Use sólo cemento para plástico de poliestireno.
- * Raspe las placas y la pintura de las áreas a cementar.
- * Deje secar la pintura totalmente antes de manipular las partes.
- * Cualesquiera partes sin usar se pueden descartar.

PAINT GUIDE <i>This paint guide is provided to complete this kit as shown on the box.</i>	GUIDE DE PEINTURE <i>Ce guide de peinture est fourni pour compléter cet ensemble tel qu'indiqué sur l'emballage.</i>	GUÍA DE PINTURA <i>Esta guía de pintura se suministra para completar este equipo tal como se muestra en la caja.</i>
A Blue Gray	Gris -Bleu	Azul
B Dark Blue	Bleu	Gris Azulado
C Dark Gray	Gris foncé	Gris oscuro
D Gunmetal	Bronze	Gris plomo
E Hull Red	Rouge coque	Rojo del casco
F Light Gray	Gris clair	Gris claro
G Gloss Red	Rouge brillant	Rojo brillante
H Semi Gloss Black	Noir satiné	Negro semibrillante
I Steel	Acier	Acero
J White	Blanc	Blanco
K Yellow	Jaune	Amarillo

DECAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
1. Cut desired decal from sheet.
2. Dip decal in water for a few seconds.
3. Place wet decal on paper towel.
4. Wait until decal is movable on paper backing.
5. Place decal in position on model, face up and slide backing away.
6. Press out air bubbles with a soft damp cloth.
7. Milkyness that may appear is for better decal adhesion and will dry clear. Wipe away any excess adhesive.
8. Do not touch decal until fully dry.
9. Allow the decals 48 hours to dry before applying clear coat.
10. Decals are compatible with setting solutions or solvents.

INSTRUCTIONS POUR L'APPLICATION DE DÉCALCOMANIE
1. Découpez la décalcomanie désirée sur la feuille.
2. Trempez la décalcomanie durant quelques secondes dans l'eau.
3. Placez la décalcomanie sur une serviette de papier.
4. Attendez jusqu'à ce que la décalcomanie puisse être retirée de l'endos en papier.
5. Placez la décalcomanie en position sur votre modèle, face vers le haut, et retirez l'endos.
6. Pressez pour évacuer les bulles d'air avec un chiffon doux humide.
7. La formation d'un voile blanchâtre qui pourrait apparaître sert à la meilleure adhésion de la décalcomanie et deviendra claire une fois séchée. Nettoyez tout excès d'adhésif.
8. Ne touchez pas la décalcomanie tant qu'elle ne sera pas entièrement séchée.
9. Laissez sécher la décalcomanie durant 48 heures avant d'appliquer un enduit protecteur.
10. Les décalcomanies sont compatibles avec les solutions de séchage et les solvants.

INSTRUCCIONES DE APLICACIÓN DE CALCOMANÍAS
1. Corte la calcomanía deseada de la lámina.
2. Sumerja la calcomanía en agua por unos segundos.
3. Coloque la calcomanía húmeda sobre una toalla de papel.
4. Espere hasta que la calcomanía se mueva en la lámina posterior de papel.
5. Coloque la calcomanía en posición sobre el modelo, con la cara hacia arriba y deslice la lámina posterior hasta quitarlo.
6. Presione para quitar las burbujas de aire con un trapo suave húmedo.
7. La lechosidad que puede aparecer es para una mejor adhesión de la calcomanía y se secará completamente. Limpie cualquier exceso de adhesivo.
8. No toque la calcomanía hasta que esté totalmente seca.
9. Deje secar las calcomanías 48 horas antes de aplicar "clear coat".
10. Las calcomanías son compatibles con las soluciones de fijación o los solventes.



* REPEAT SEVERAL TIMES
* A RÉPÉTEZ PLUSIEURS FOIS
* REPITA VARIAS VECES



* REPEAT PROCEDURE
* RÉPÉTEZ LA PROCÉDURE
* REPITA EL PROCEDIMIENTO



* OPTIONAL PARTS
* PIÈCES OPTIONNELLES
* PARTES OPCIONALES



* DECAL
* DÉCALCOMANIE
* CALCOMANÍA



* ASSEMBLY CAUTION
* AVERTISSEMENT POUR L'ASSEMBLAGE
* PRECAUCIÓN DE ENSAMBLAJE



* CEMENT TOGETHER
* COLLER ENSEMBLE
* CEMENTAR Y UNIR



* REMOVE AND THROW AWAY
* RETIREZ ET JETER
* RETIRE Y DESCARTE



* DO NOT CEMENT
* NE PAS COLLER
* NO CEMENTAR



* OPEN HOLE
* LAISSEZ SÈCHER LES PIÈCES
* ABRA AGUJERO



* REMOVE TAPE
* RUBAN AMOVIBLE
* CINTA DEMONTABLE



* RUBBER BAND TOGETHER
* SERRER ENSEMBLE AVEC UNE BANDE ÉLASTIQUE
* UNA CON BANDA ELÁSTICA



* STICKER DECAL
* DÉCALCOMANIE AUTOCOLLANTE
* CALCOMANÍA AUTOADHESIVA



* WEIGHT
* POIDS
* PESO



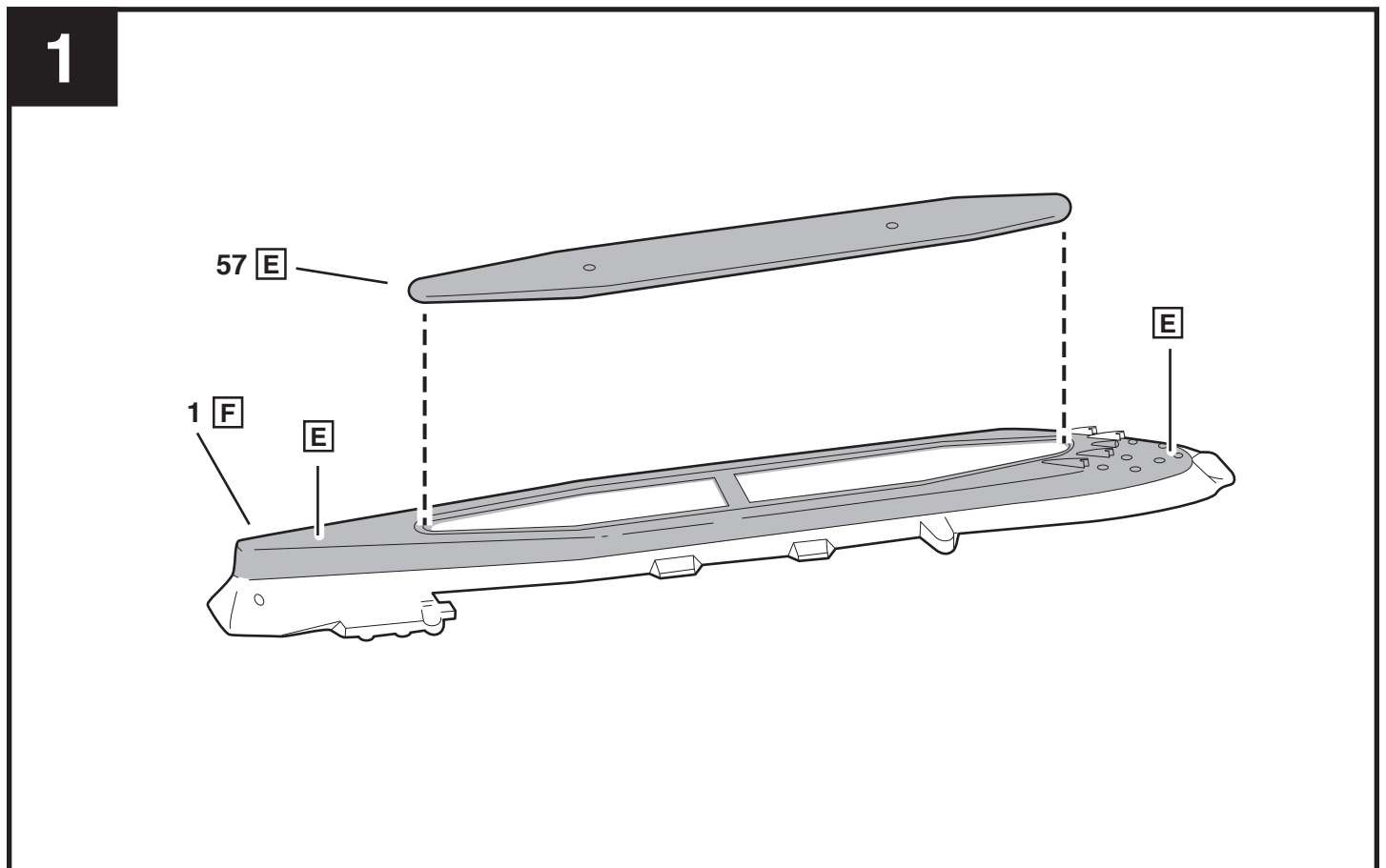
* TRIM OFF
* DÉCOUPEZ
* RECORTE



* HEATED SCREWDRIVER END
* POINTE CHAUFFÉE DE TOURNEVIS
* EXTREMO DE DESTORNILLADOR CALENTADO

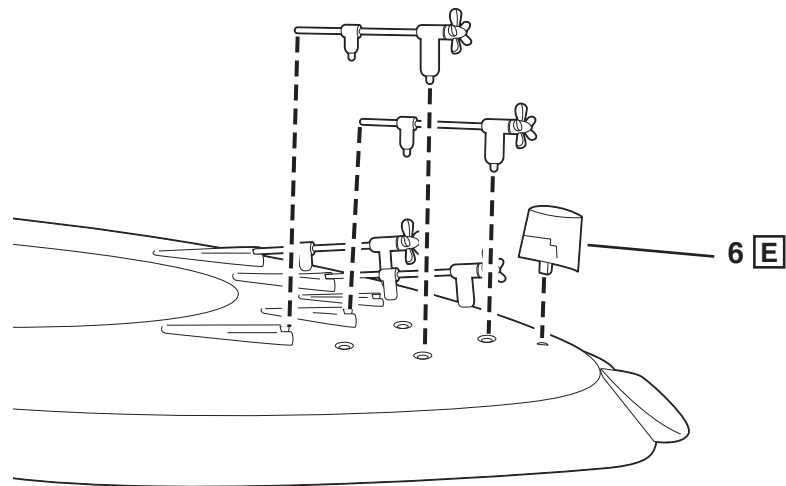
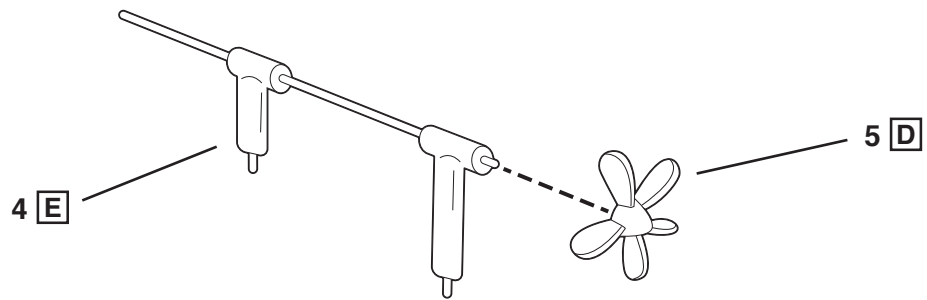
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1	Hull	Coque	Casco
2	Hawser Collar (2)	Collet pour aussière (2)	Collar de amarre (2)
3	Anchor (2)	Ancre (2)	Ancla (2)
4	Propeller Shaft (4)	Arbre hélice (4)	Eje de la hélice (4)
5	Propeller (4)	Hélice (4)	Hélice (4)
6	Rudder	Gouvernail	Timón
7	Aft Gun Deck	Pont de canon arrière	Cubierta de cañón de popa
8	Rt. Hull Bulkheads	Cloisons de coque droite	Mamparos del casco derecho
9	Lt. Hull Bulkheads	Cloisons de coque gauche	Mamparos del casco izquierdos
10	Rt. Gun Deck	Pont droit de canon	Cubierta de cañón derecha
11	Lt. Gun Deck	Pont gauche de canon	Cubierta de cañón izquierda
12	Flight Deck Crane	Grue du poste d'équipage	Grúa de cubierta de vuelo
13	Gun Tub	Baquet de fusil	Tina de fusil
14	Gun Deck	Pont des canons	Cubierta del cañón
15	Rt. Aft Elevator Guide	Guide d'élévateur arrière droit	Guía de elevador popa derecho
16	Rt. Forward Elevator Guide	Guide d'élévateur avant droit	Guía de elevador delantero derecho
17	Lt. Aft Elevator Guide	Guide d'élévateur arrière gauche	Guía de elevador popa izquierdo
18	Lt. Forward Elevator Guide	Guide d'élévateur avant gauche	Guía de elevador delantero izquierdo
19	Flight Deck	Poste d'équipage	Cubierta de vuelo
20	Forward Gun Deck	Pont de canon avant	Cubierta de cañón delantera
21	Rear Bulkhead	Cloison arrière	Mamparo trasero
22	Whale Boat	Baleinière	Ballenera
23	Lt. Elevator	Élévateur gauche	Elevador izquierdo
24	Rt. Elevator	Élévateur droit	Elevador derecho
25	Rt. Forward Ladder	Échelle avant droite	Escalera delantera derecha
26	Lt. Aft Ladder	Échelle arrière gauche	Escalera de popa izquierda
27	40mm Twin Guns (6)	Canons doubles de 40 mm (6)	Fusiles dobles de 40 mm (6)
28	5-inch Gun (8)	Canon de 5 pouces (12,7 cm) (8)	Fusil de 5 pulgadas (12,7 cm) (8)
29	Deck Radar (4)	Pont radar (4)	Radar de cubierta (4)
30	Gun Director	Télépointeur	Director de cañón
31	One Life Raft (13)	Radeau de sauvetage un (13)	Balsa salvavidas uno (13)
32	Two Life Raft (6)	Radeau de sauvetage deux (6)	Balsa salvavidas dos (6)
33	Three Life Raft (3)	Radeau de sauvetage trois (3)	Balsa salvavidas tres (3)
34	Four Life Raft (2)	Radeau de sauvetage quatre (2)	Balsa salvavidas cuatro (2)
35	Five Life Raft	Radeau de sauvetage cinq	Balsa salvavidas cinco
36	Six Life Raft (3)	Radeau de sauvetage six (3)	Balsa salvavidas seis (3)
37	Lower Yardarm (2)	Bout de vergue inférieur (2)	Trancador inferior (2)
38	Range Finder	Télémetre	Telómetro
39	Radar Tower (2)	Tour radar (2)	Torre de radar (2)
40	Signal Light (2)	Feu de signalisation (2)	Luz de señal (2)
41	1st Aft Platform	Première plate-forme arrière	1era plataforma popa
42	2nd Aft Platform	2ème plate-forme arrière	2da plataforma popa
43	1st Forward Platform	Première plate-forme avant	1era plataforma delantera
44	1st Forward Platform Enclosure	Coffret de la 1ère plate-forme avant	Cubierta de 1era plataforma delantera
45	2nd Forward Platform	2ème plate-forme avant	2da plataforma delantera
46	2nd Forward Platform Enclosure	Coffret de la 2ème plate-forme avant	Cubierta de 2da plataforma delantera
47	3rd Forward Platform	3ème plate-forme avant	3ra plataforma delantera

#	PART NAME	NOM DE PARTIE	NOMBRE DE PARTE
48	3rd Aft Platform	3ème plate-forme arrière	3ra plataforma popa
49	3rd Aft Platform Enclosure	Coffret de la 3ème plate-forme arrière	Cubierta de 3ra plataforma popa
50	Rt. Island Structure	Structure d'îlot droite	Estructura de isla derecha
51	Lt. Island Structure	Structure d'îlot gauche	Estructura de isla izquierda
52	Main Screen	Écran principal	Pantalla principal
53	Main Mast	Grand mât	Mástil mayor
54	Upper Yardarm	Bout de vergue supérieur	Trancador superior
55	Radar Signal Screen	Écran de signal radar	Pantalla de señal de radar
56	Radar Detector Screen	Écran de détection radar	Pantalla de detector de radar
57	Hull Bottom	Dessous de la coque	Parte inferior de casco
58	Base Finial Half (2)	Moitié du chapiteau de base (2)	Mitad de remate de base (2)
59	Base Finial Half (2)	Moitié du chapiteau de base (2)	Mitad de remate de base (2)
60	Base (2)	Base (2)	Base (2)
61	Antenna (7)	Antenne (7)	Antena (7)
62	Regulus Launcher (2)	Lanceur Regulus (2)	Lanzador Regulus (2)
63	Regulus Missile (3)	Missile Regulus (3)	Misil Regulus (3)
64	Helicopter	Hélicoptère	Helicóptero
65	Main Rotor Blades	Pales du rotor principal	Palas del rotor principal
66	Tow Truck	Dépanneuse	Camión de remorque
67	F9F-8 Cougar (5)	F9F-8 Cougar (5)	F9F-8 Cougar (5)
68	F9F-8 Cougar Folded Wings(7)	F9F-8 Cougar (7)	F9F-8 Cougar (7)
69	A3D Skywarrior (2)	A3D Skywarrior (2)	A3D Skywarrior (2)
70	Decals	Decals	Decals



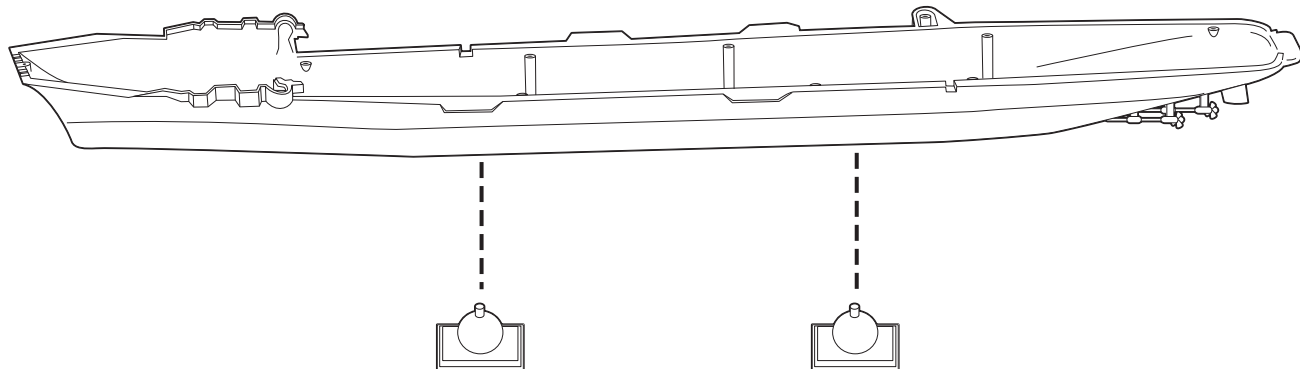
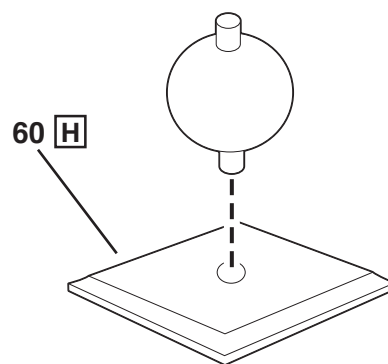
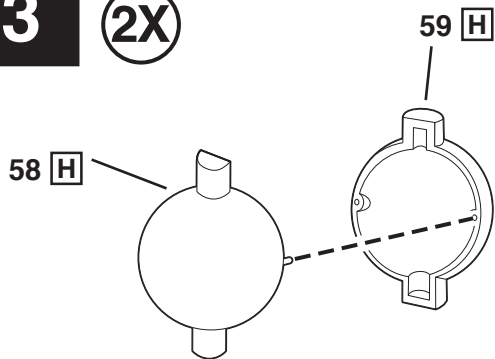
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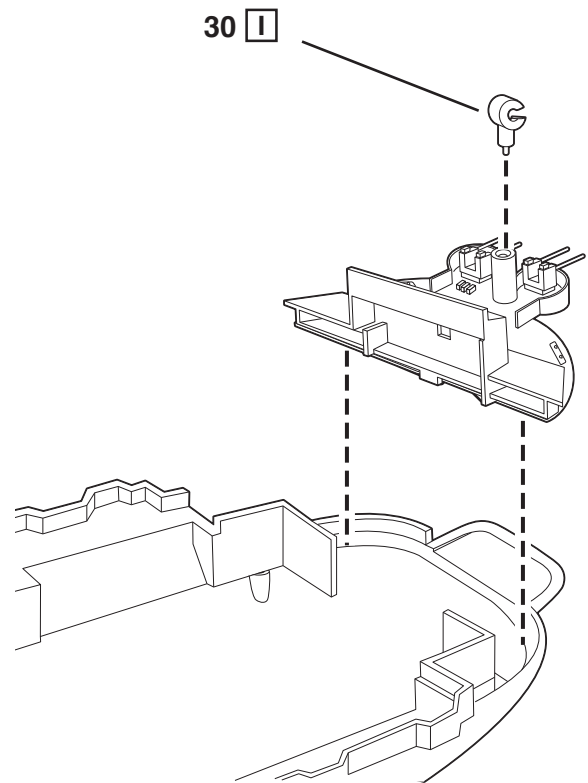
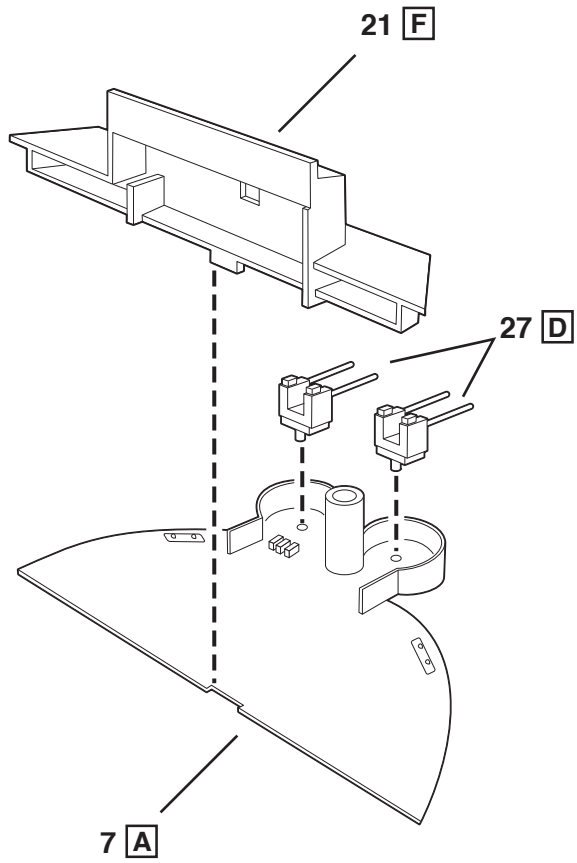
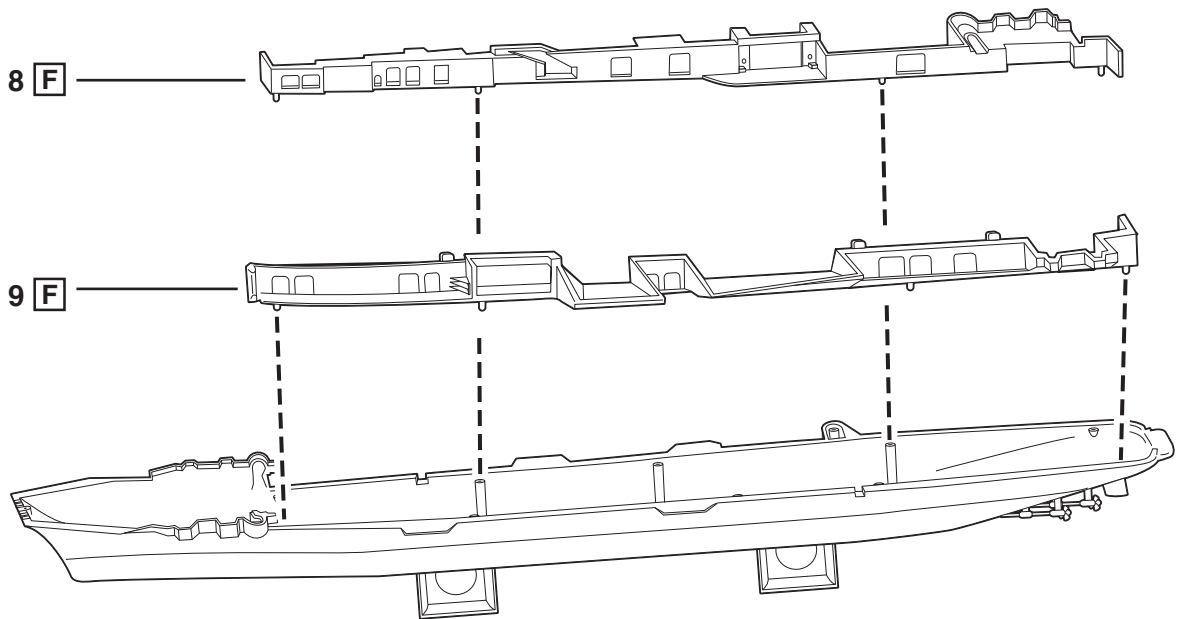


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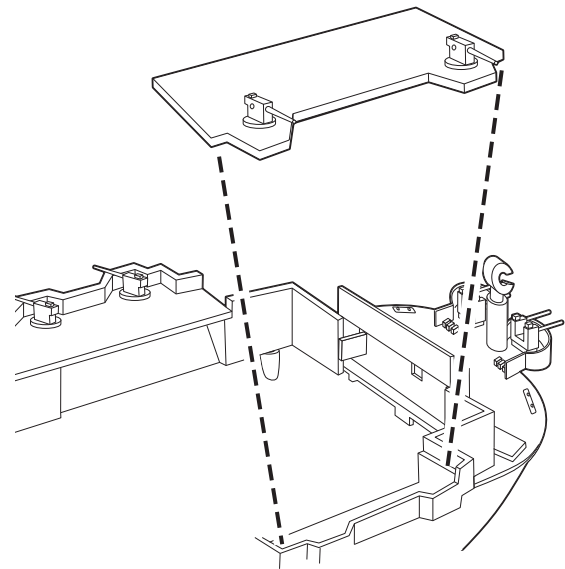
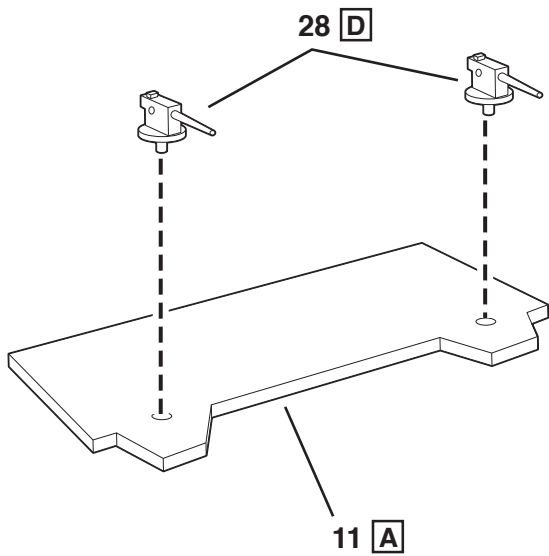
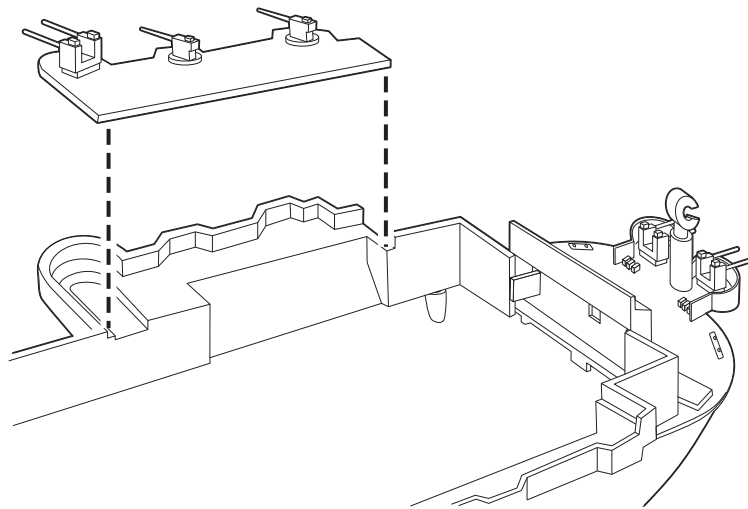
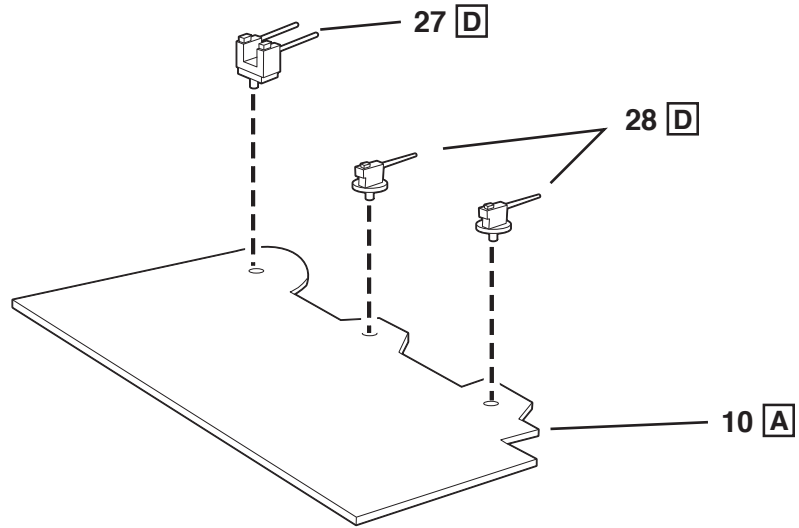
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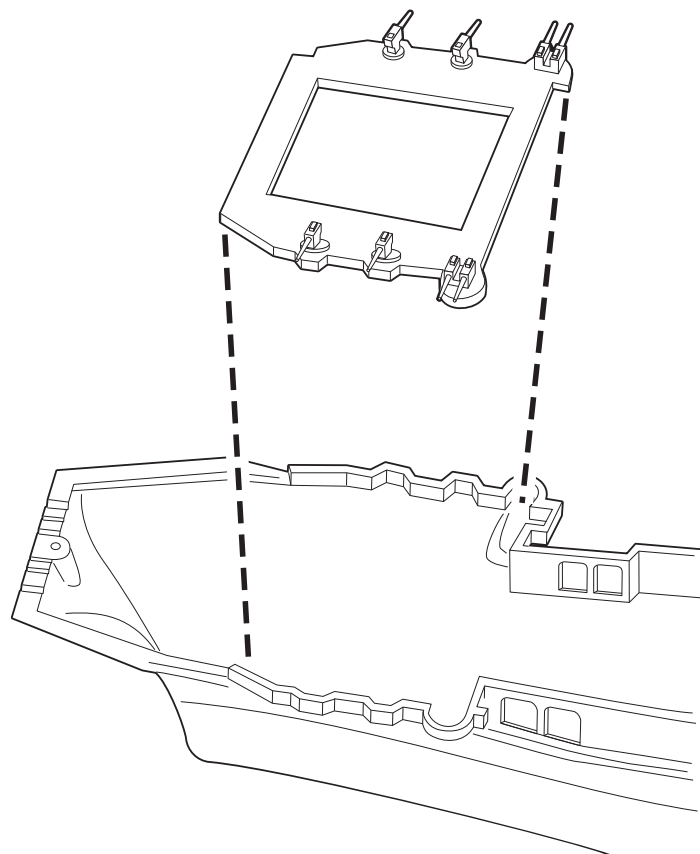
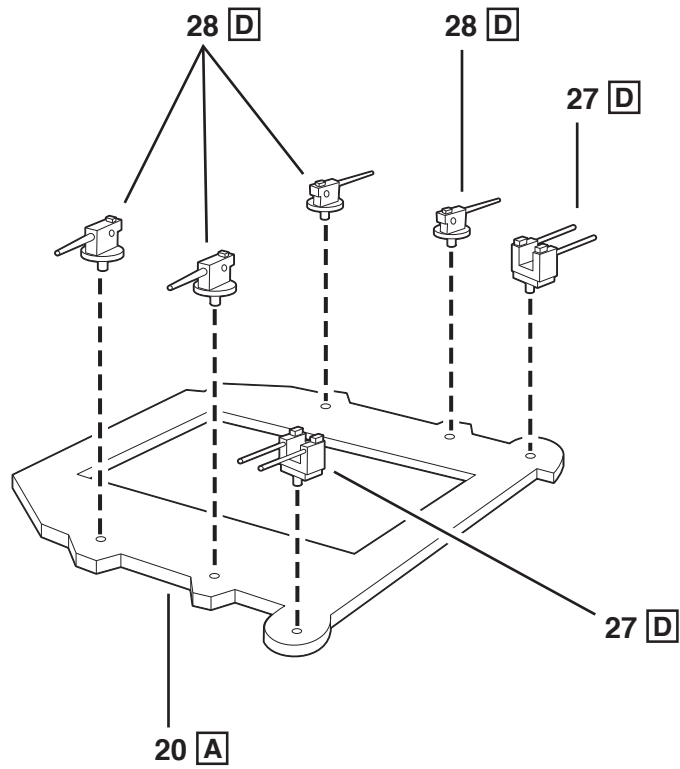
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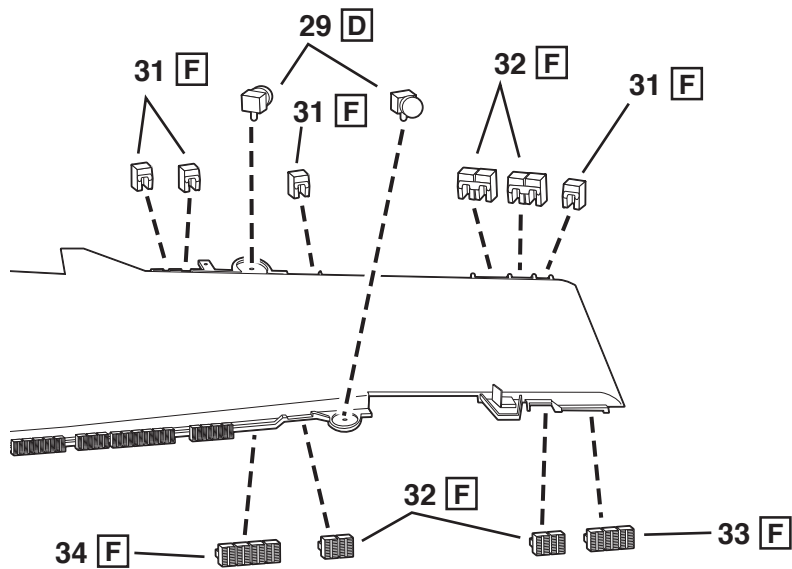
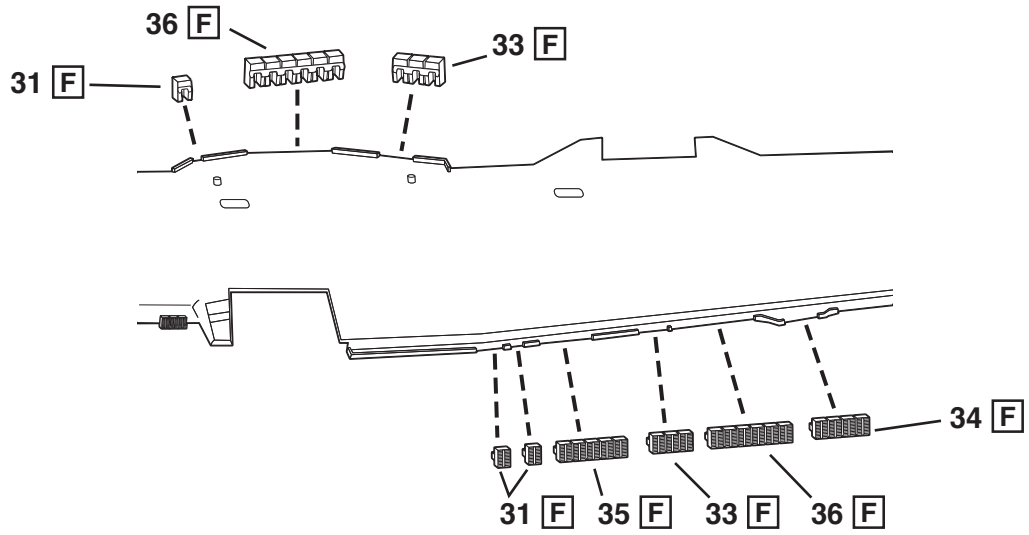
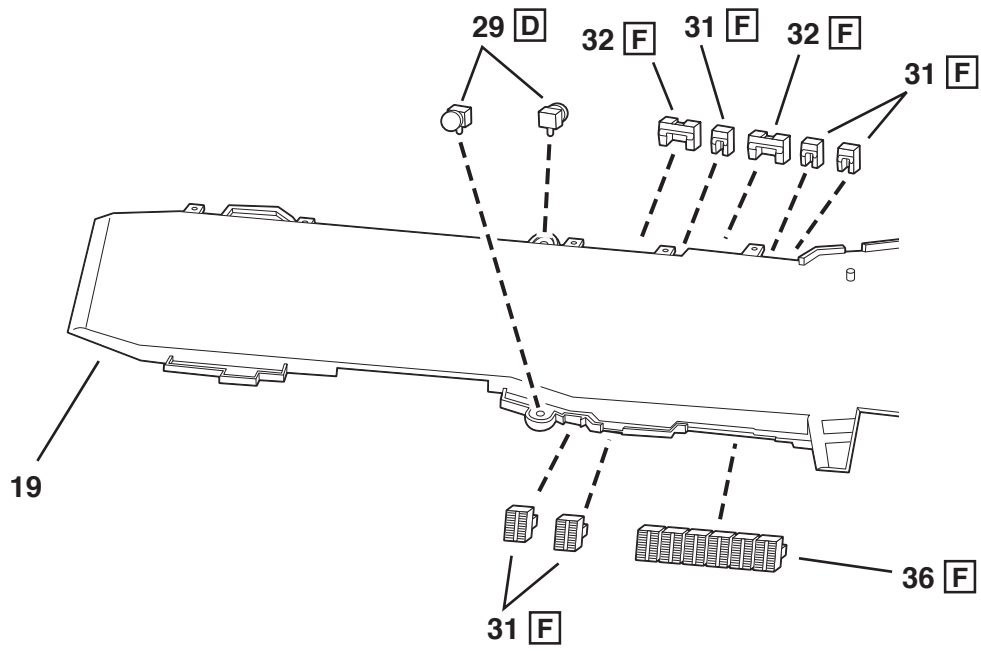
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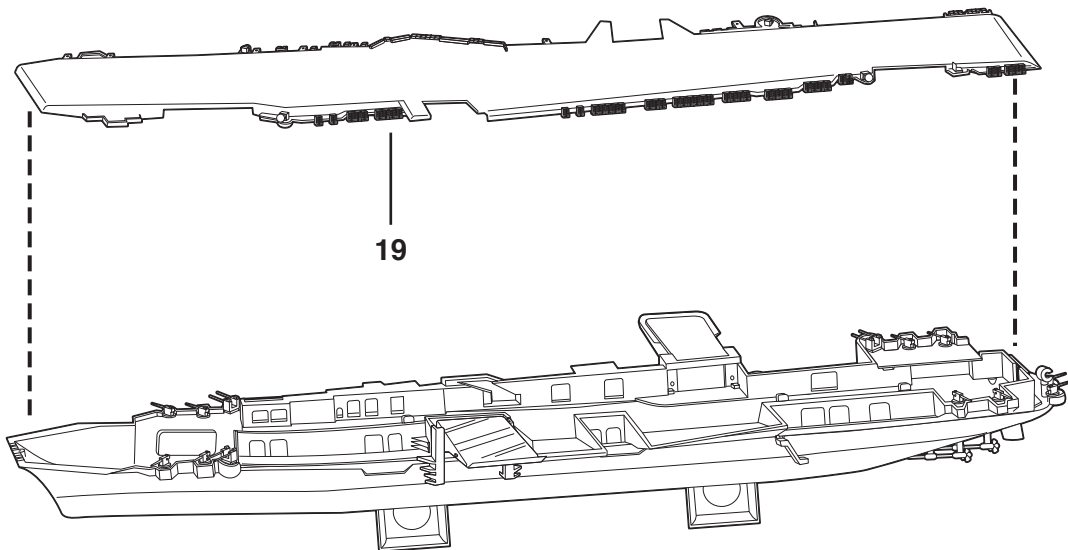
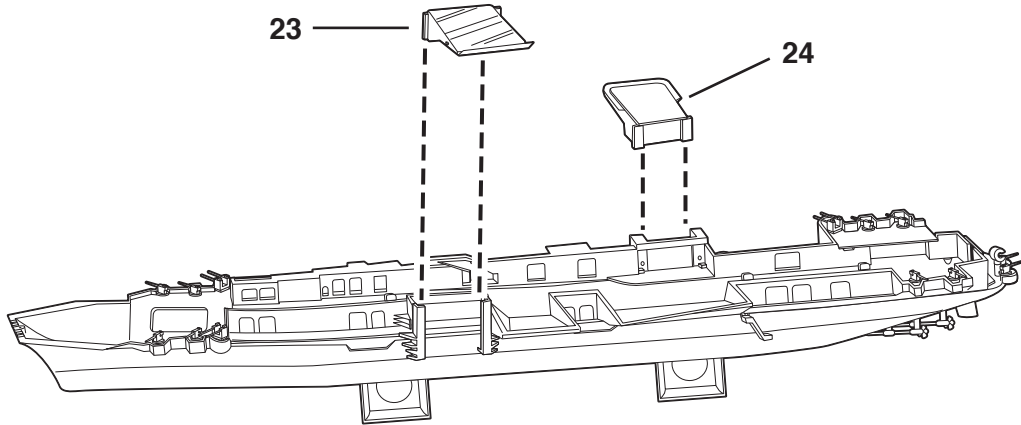
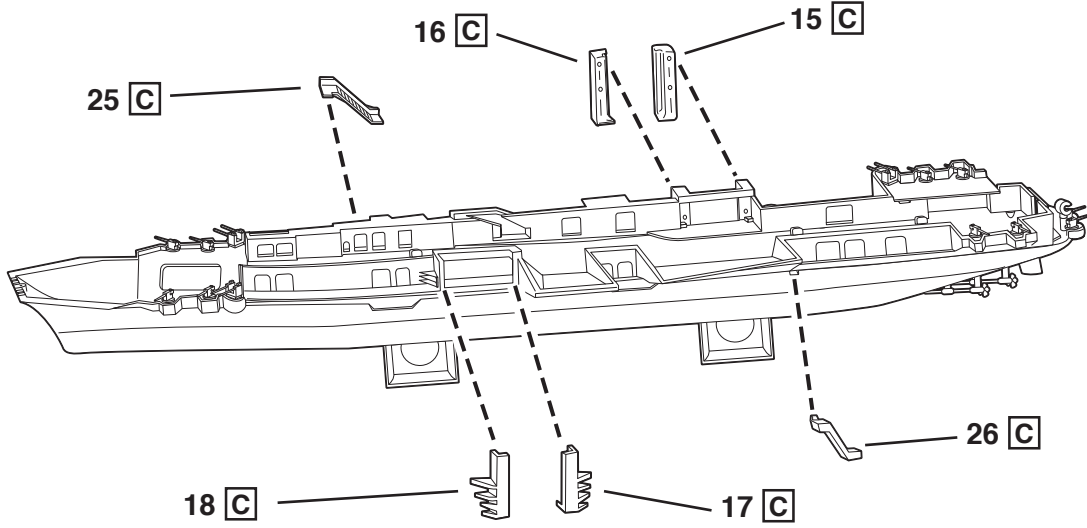


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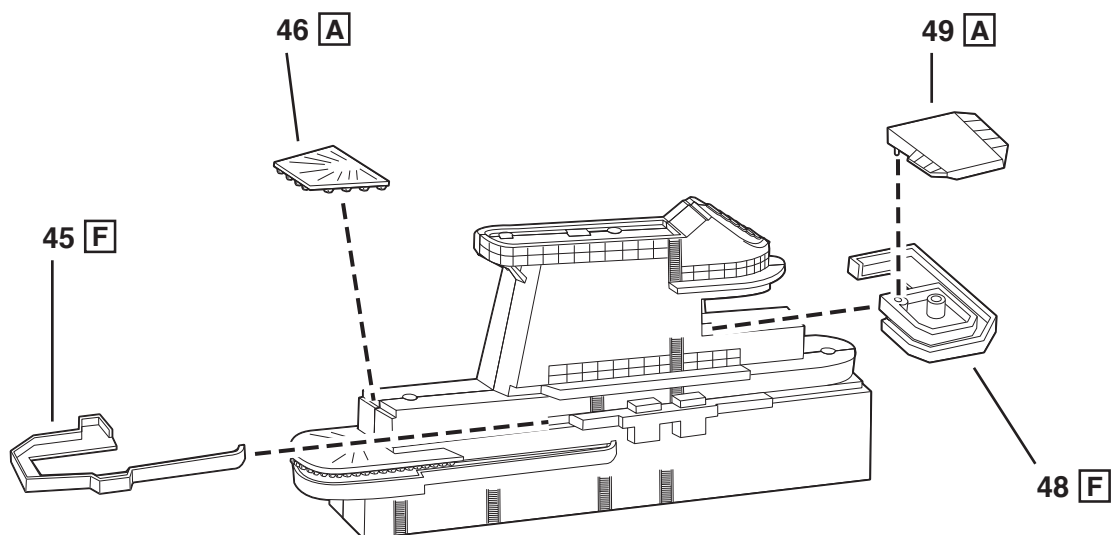
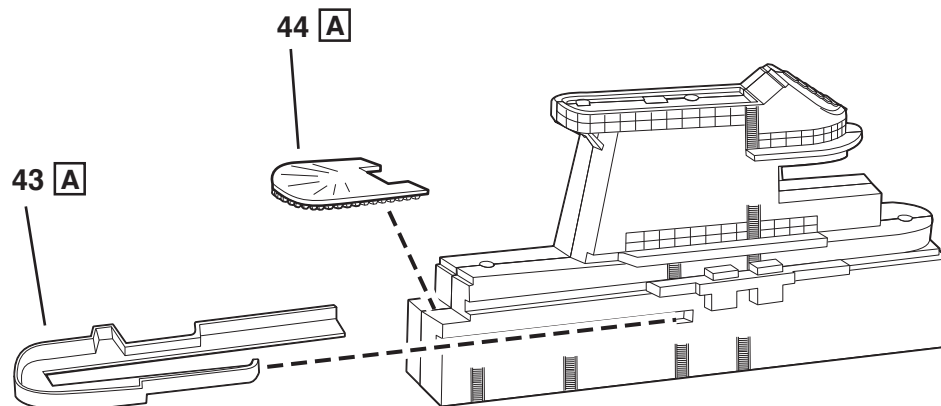
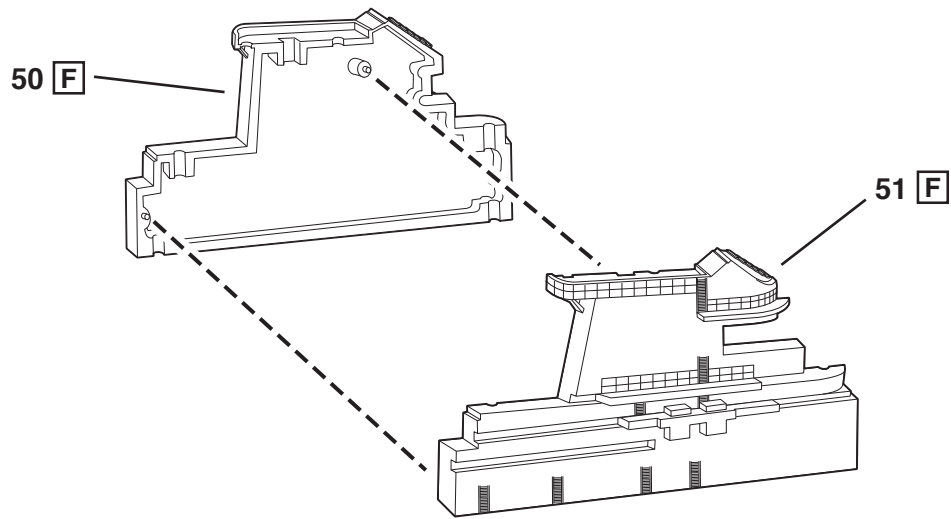


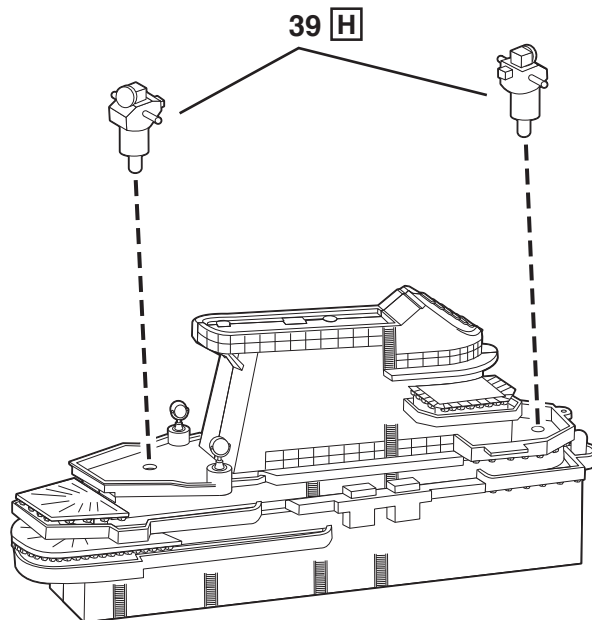
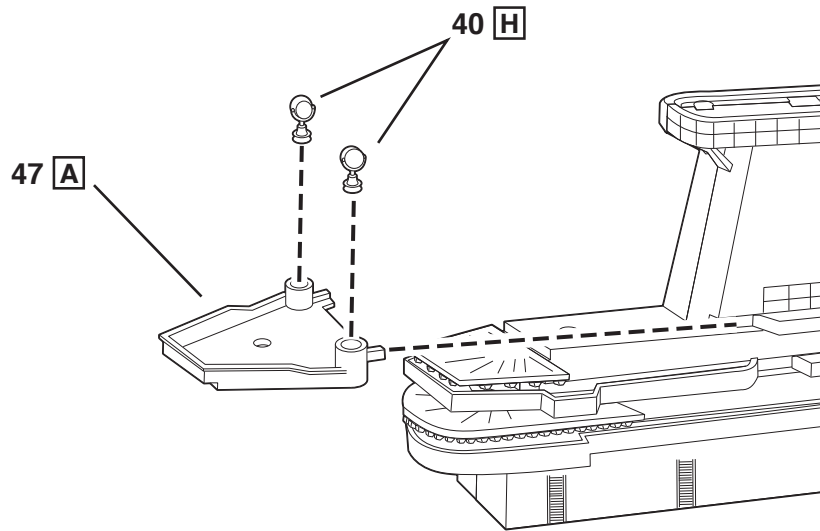
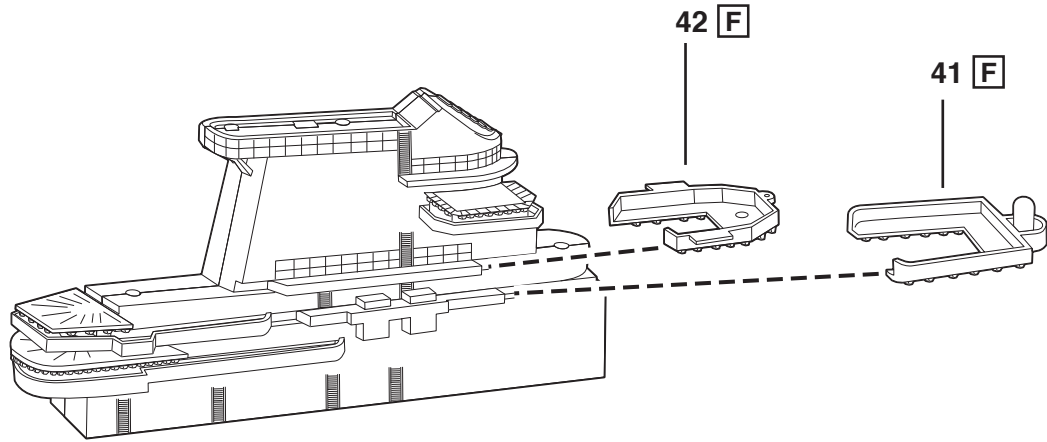
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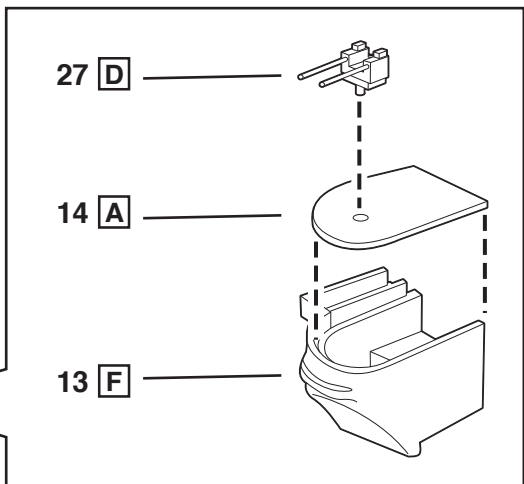
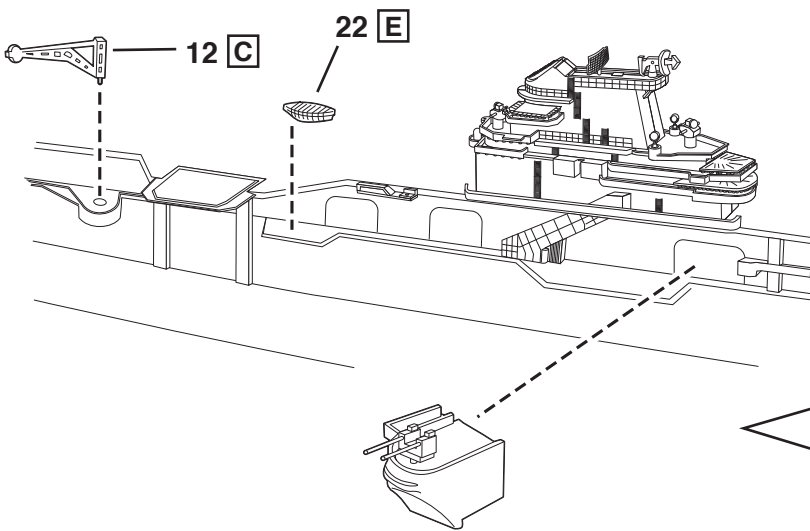
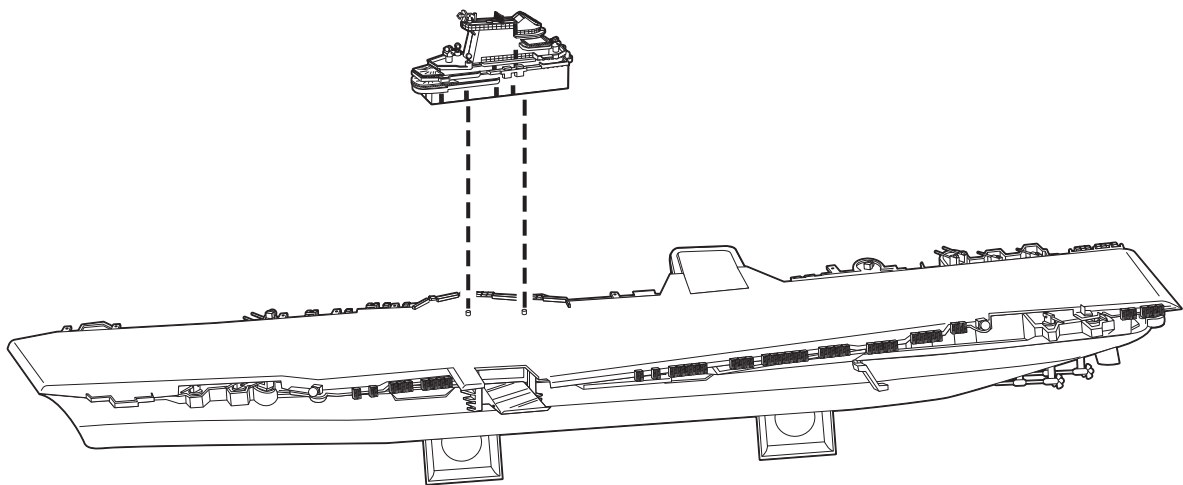
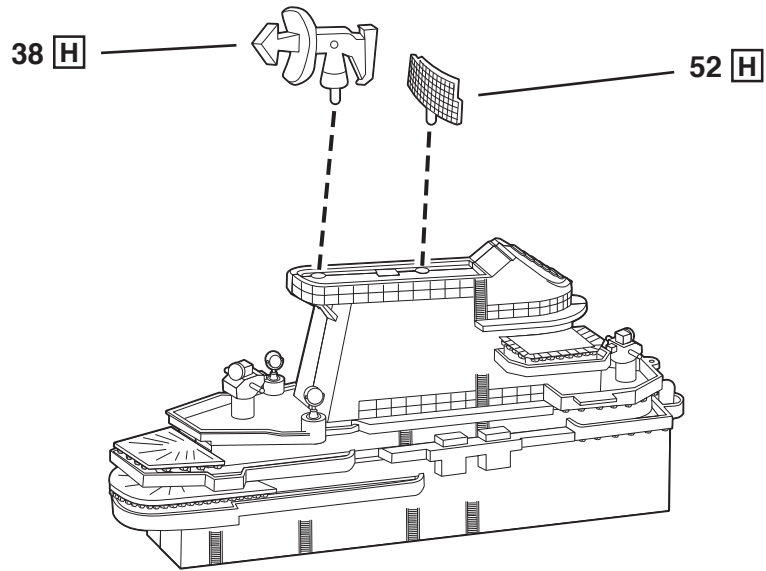


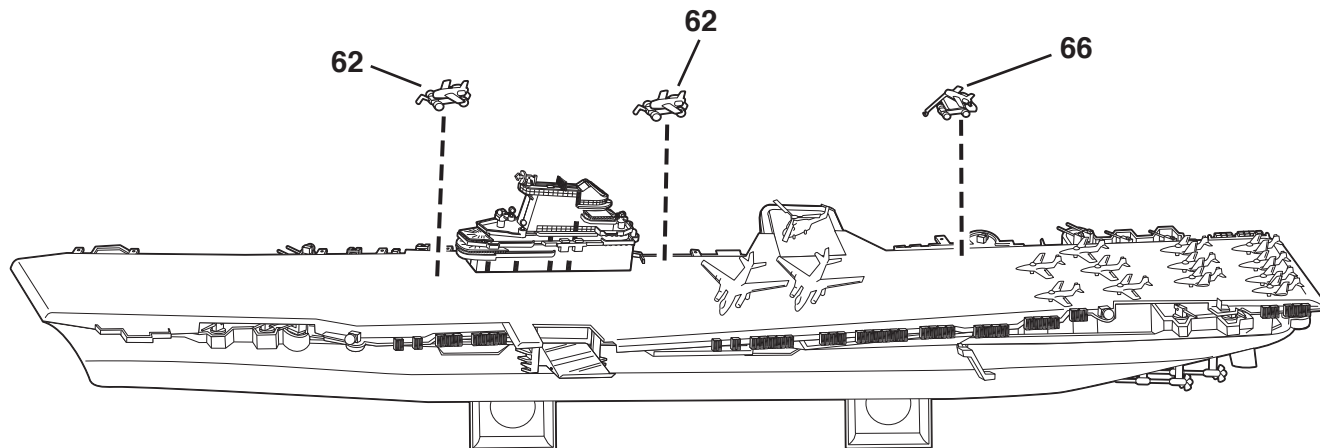
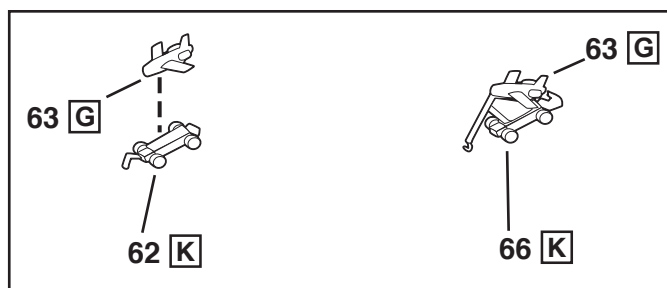
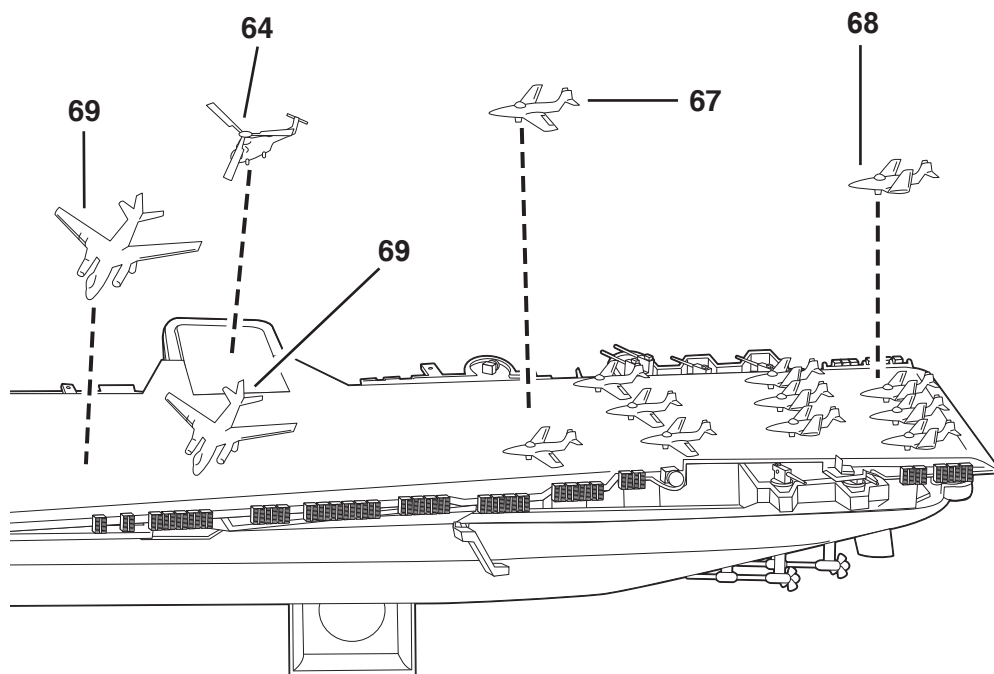
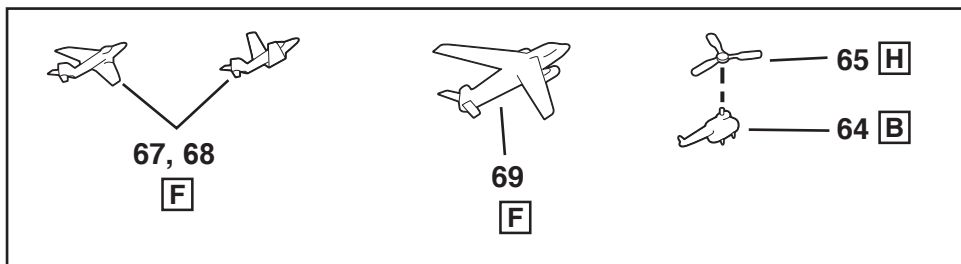


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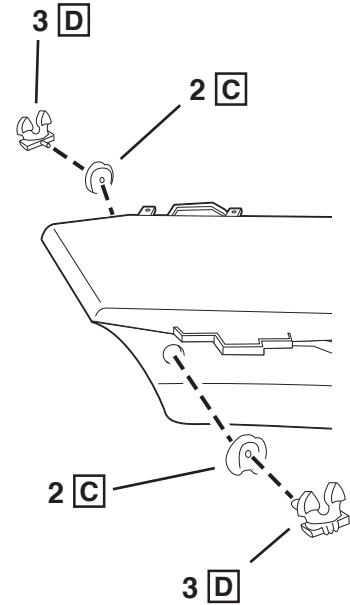
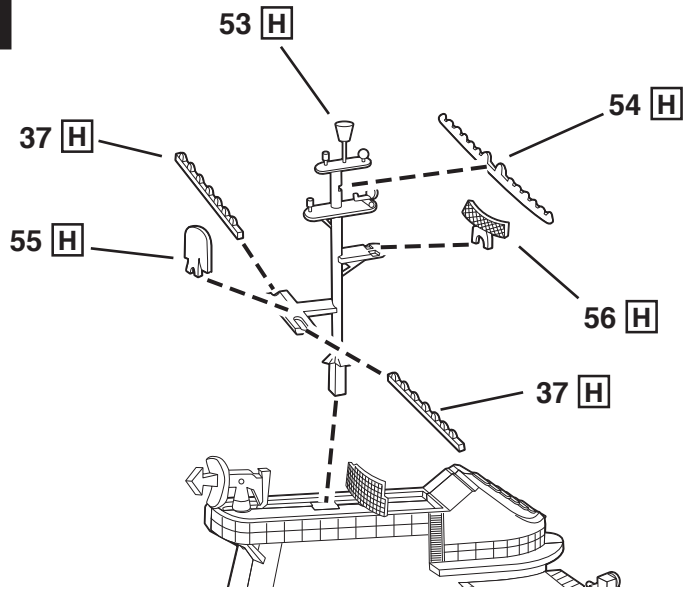




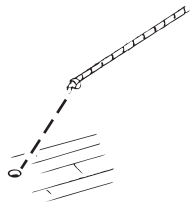




13



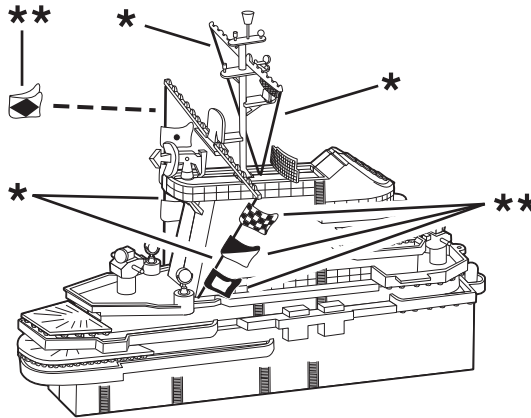
NOTE: HOUSEHOLD THREAD FOR OPTIONAL RIGGING NOT INCLUDED.
REMARQUE : LE FILETAGE MAISON POUR LE GRÉEMENT OPTIONNEL N'EST PAS COMPRIS.
NOTA: NO SE INCLUYE HILO DE COSER PARA APAREJOS OPCIONALES.



NOTE: CAREFULLY APPLY A DROP OF CEMENT TO SECURE RIGGING IN PLACE.

REMARQUE: APPLIQUER SOIGNEUSEMENT UNE GOUTTE DE COLLE POUR FIXER LE GRÉEMENT EN PLACE.

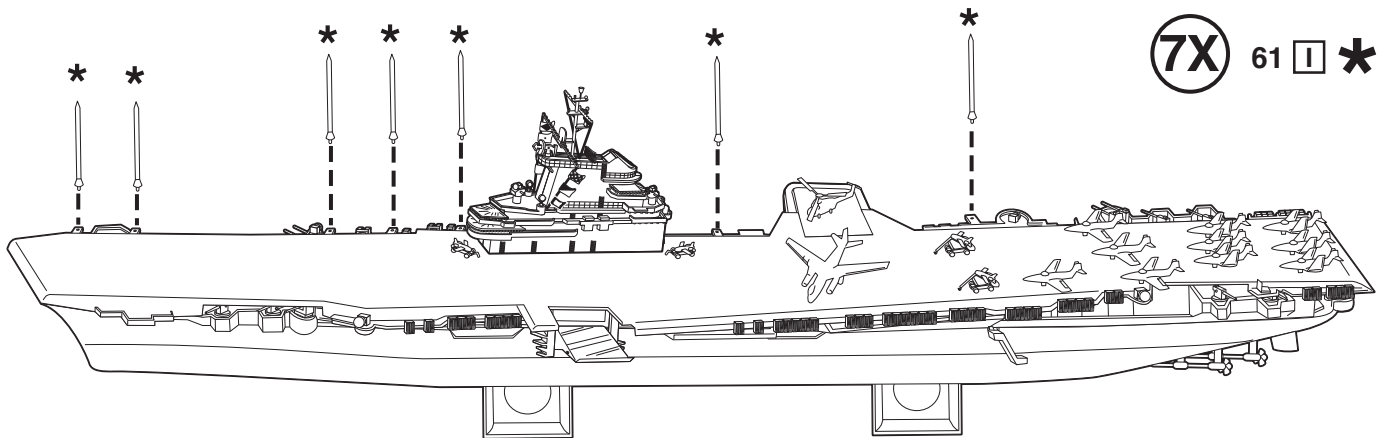
NOTA: APLIQUE UNA GOTTA DE PEGAMENTO CUIDADOSAMENTE PARA ASEGURAR LOS APAREJOS EN SU SITIO.



NOTE: CUT OUT FLAGS AND WRAP AROUND RIGGING. CEMENT TOGETHER WITH WHITE GLUE.

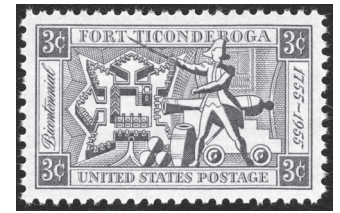
REMARQUE: DÉCOURER LES DRAPEAUX ET LES ENROULER AUTOUR DU GRÉEMENT. COLLER ENSEMBLE AVEC DE LA COLLE BLANCHE.

NOTA: CORTE LAS BANDERAS Y ENRÓLLELAS ALREDEDOR DE LOS APAREJOS. ÚNALAS CON PEGAMENTO BLANCO.



7X 61 **I** *

FORT TICONDEROGA AMERICA'S FORT



Time line of Fort Ticonderoga

An Epic Time Line of the Past

The events that occurred at Fort Ticonderoga helped shape the nations of North America and changed world history. This time line represents the major events in Ticonderoga's epic past.

*1609 On an expedition of discovery, Samuel de Champlain and his Algonquin allies battled a band of Iroquois on the Ticonderoga peninsula. The same year, Henry Hudson was the first to explore the Hudson River as far north as Albany.

*1642 Father Isaac Jogues passed over the Ticonderoga peninsula, a prisoner of the Mohawks. Four years later, Jogues passed through Ticonderoga again on his way to his martyrdom.

*1666 The first French regular army troops sent to Nouvelle France, régiment Carignan-Salières, threatened Iroquois settlements in the Mohawk Valley. The regiment camped on the Ticonderoga peninsula on its way south.

*1690 War between England and France spilled over into the New World, as British Colonials launched an unsuccessful invasion of New France. In 1691, Major Peter Schuyler led an expedition of English and Dutch colonists against the French fort at La Prairie near Montréal, stopping at Ticonderoga on the way north.

*1709 Fort Anne was constructed by the British colonists to protect supply lines for the Queen Anne's War invasion of New France.

*1731 The French constructed a fort at Chimney Point and then in 1734 built Fort Saint Frédéric at Crown Point, in a concerted effort to control and settle the Champlain Valley.

The French & Indian War

*1755 As the British pushed north into traditionally French territory, Governor-General Vaudreuil in Québec anticipated attack on French settlements in the Champlain valley. He ordered Michel Chartier de Lotbinière to construct a fort south of Fort St. Frédéric (Crown Point) that would cover the portage between Lakes George and Champlain. Construction of Fort Carillon began in the fall, and continued for the next four years.

*1756 On the sandy plain below the Heights, French and Canadian troops develop "le Jardin du Roi," or un jardin potager, designed to feed the summer garrison charged with constructing the new fort, Carillon.

*1757 French General Montcalm used the new Fort Carillon as the base from which he launched his attack on Fort William Henry.

*1758 Robert Rogers fought the Battle on Snowshoes near Trout Brook south of Ticonderoga. In July, General Abercromby led an army of 17,000 British and Colonial troops against a small French force of 3,700 entrenched at Fort Carillon. Abercromby lost the battle and nearly 2000 men, a third of whom were members of the 42nd Regiment of Foot, the Highlanders, or the "Black Watch" Regiment.

*1759 General Jeffrey Amherst laid siege to Fort Carillon. Losses elsewhere in New France had left the garrison ill-equipped, so the French abandoned the fort after blowing up the powder magazine. Amherst repaired the fort and renamed it Ticonderoga, and then began construction of a British war fleet and a major new fortress at Crown Point. Later that year, Montcalm lost Québec to General Wolfe on the Plains of Abraham.

*1763 End of the Seven Years' War. France had lost Canada to Great Britain. Settlers from New England began to settle the "Hampshire Grants," now Vermont.

*1773 A disastrous fire at the new British fort at Crown Point made the dilapidated fort at Ticonderoga again the center of British operations on Lake Champlain.

The American Revolution

*1775 At the outbreak of the Revolution, Ethan Allen and Benedict Arnold both realized that Fort Ticonderoga made an easy target for the American rebels. With a small band of Green Mountain Boys, they captured the Fort from the British in an early morning raid on May 10th, only three weeks after Lexington and Concord. This was "America's first victory" in the Revolution.

*1775-6 Colonel Henry Knox transported more than 60 tons of military supplies including 59 artillery pieces from Fort Ticonderoga to Boston. Ticonderoga's cannon were placed on Dorchester Heights which had a commanding view of Boston. The threat of these guns forced the British to evacuate Boston on March 17, 1776 and the Continental Army entered Boston the next day.

*1776 Benedict Arnold organized the construction of the first American navy to thwart a British invasion from Canada. The fleet was built at Whitehall, and outfitted at Ticonderoga. The British defeated the American navy at the Battle of Valcour Island in October, but decided that Fort Ticonderoga was too strong for their forces to tackle so late in the year. The Americans further strengthened their position at Ticonderoga by fortifying Mount Independence, on the east shore of Lake Champlain.

*1776-7 The former French military gardens continue to serve as the garden for the American army at Ticonderoga that constitutes the third-largest urban concentration of people in North America at the time. The American garrison builds numerous shoreline defenses against the threatening British fleets.

*1777 General Burgoyne led a large army of British and German troops south from Canada, intent on taking Albany, and splitting off New England from the other colonies. By hauling cannon up Mount Defiance, Burgoyne forced the Americans to abandon Fort Ticonderoga and Mount Independence. Two months later, Col. John Brown captured British outposts surrounding Ticonderoga in a surprise raid that coincided with the first battle at Saratoga, where Burgoyne finally met his defeat.

*1781 British forces arrive in summer and begin rebuilding part of the ruined barracks before withdrawing to Canada later in the year.

*1783 George Washington visits Fort Ticonderoga on a Northern tour while final peace negotiations are completed in Europe to end the Revolutionary War.