

INTRODUCTION

- BEFORE YOU PROCEED
- 4 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS
- 5 Tools, Supplies and Required Equipment
- 6 ANATOMY OF THE RUSTLER
- 7 ANATOMY OF THE STAMPEDE
- S ANATOMY OF THE BANDIT
- 9 QUICK START: GETTING UP TO SPEED
- 1 DECORATING
 YOUR MODEL
- 11 THE TRAXXAS
 TO RADIO SYSTEM
- 17 ADJUSTING THE
 ELECTRONIC SPEED
 CONTROL
- 19 DRIVING YOUR MODEL
- 21 ADJUSTING YOUR MODEL
- 23 MAINTAINING
 YOUR MODEL

Thank you for purchasing a Traxxas electric model. This manual covers the Rustler® stadium race truck, the Bandit™ buggy, and the Stampede® monster truck. No matter which one you have selected, we are confident you will appreciate the latest performance and appearance enhancements that have been made to these legendary models. With a powerful Titan® 12T 550 motor and a smooth XL-5 electronic speed control, Rustler, Bandit and Stampede are built for high-speed action. The new wheels and tires feature the latest tread patterns and rubber compounds for superb driving. Even innovative technology from our top-of-the-line Revo® has found it's way into Rustler, Bandit, and Stampede in the form of the patent-pending Torque-Control™ slipper.

This manual contains the instructions you will need to operate, and maintain your model so that you can enjoy it for years to come. We want you to feel confident that you own one of the best-performing models in the market and that it is backed by a team of professionals who aim to provide the highest level of factory support possible. Traxxas models are about experiencing total performance and satisfaction, not just with your model, but also with the company that stands behind it.

We know you're excited about getting your new model on the road, but it's very important that you take some time to read through the Owners Manual. This manual contains all the necessary set-up and operating procedures that allow you to unlock the performance and potential that Traxxas engineers designed into your model. Even if you are an experienced R/C enthusiast, it's important to read and follow the procedures in this manual.

Thank you again for going with Traxxas. We work hard every day to assure you the highest level of customer satisfaction possible. We truly want you to enjoy your new model!

Traxxas Support

Traxxas support is with you every step of the way. Refer to the next page to find out how to contact us and what your support options are.



Ouick Start

This manual is designed with a Quick Start path that outlines the necessary procedures to get your model up



and running in the shortest time possible. If you are an experienced R/C enthusiast you will find it helpful and fast. Be sure and read through the rest of the manual to learn about important safety, maintenance, and adjustment procedures. Turn to page 9 to begin.

BEFORE YOU PROCEED

Carefully read and follow all instructions in this and any accompanying materials to prevent serious damage to your model. Failure to follow these instructions will be considered abuse and/or neglect.

Before running your model, look over this entire manual and examine the model carefully. If for some reason you decide it is not what you wanted, then do not continue any further. Your hobby dealer absolutely cannot accept a model for return or exchange after it has been run.

WARNINGS, HELPFUL HINTS, & CROSS-REFERENCES

Throughout this manual, you'll notice warnings and helpful hints identified by the icons below. Be sure to read them!



An important warning about personal safety or avoiding damage to your model and related components.



Special advice from Traxxas to make things easier and more fun.



Refers you to a page with a related topic.

SUPPORT

If you have any questions about your model or its operation, call the Traxxas Technical Support line toll-free at: 1-888-TRAXXAS (1-888-872-9927)*

Technical support is available Monday through Friday from 8:30am to 9:00pm central time. Technical assistance is also available at www.Traxxas.com. You may also e-mail customer support with your question at support@Traxxas.com. Join thousands of registered members in our online community at Traxxas.com.

Traxxas offers a full-service, on-site repair facility to handle any of your Traxxas service needs. Maintenance and replacement parts may be purchased directly from Traxxas by phone or online at www.BuyTraxxas.com. You can save time, along with shipping and handling costs, by purchasing replacement parts from your local dealer.

Do not hesitate to contact us with any of your product support needs. We want you to be thoroughly satisfied with your new model!

The Traxxas High-Current Connector

Your model is equipped with the Traxxas High-Current Connector. Standard connectors restrict current flow and are not capable of delivering the power needed to maximize



the output of the electronic speed control. The Traxxas connector's gold-plated terminals with a large contact surfaces ensure positive current flow with the least amount of resistance. Secure, long-lasting, and easy to grip, the Traxxas connector is engineered to extract all the power your battery has to give.

To run this model, your batteries must be equipped with Traxxas High-Current Connectors. Batteries can either be purchased new with Traxxas connectors installed or Traxxas connectors can be purchased to install on battery packs you already own. See sidebar on page 11 for packages available from your hobby dealer.

The typical Molex style connector is inadequate for use in your model. It creates resistance that becomes a bottleneck to current flow. If your battery pack is equipped with a Molex connector, it must be replaced with a Traxxas High-Current Connector to mate with the electronic speed control.



Molex connector

Traxxas 1100 Klein Road Plano, Texas 75074 Phone: 972-265-8000 Toll-free 1-888-TRAXXAS

Traxxas U.K. P.O. Box 1128 Winterbourne, Bristol BS36-2SH England Phone: 44-117-956-1002

Internet www.Traxxas.com E-mail: support@Traxxas.com

Entire contents ©2008 Traxxas.
Traxxas, Ready-To-Race, Ready-To-Win, Rustler, Bandit, Stampede and ProGraphix are trademarks or registered trademarks of Traxxas. Other brand names and marks are the property of their respective holders and are used only for purposes of identification. No part of this manual may be reproduced or distributed in print or electronic media without the express written permission of Traxxas. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



All instructions and precautions outlined in this manual should be strictly followed to ensure safe operation of your model.



This model is not intended for use by children under 8 years of age without the supervision of a responsible and knowledgeable adult.



No previous experience with radio controlled models is required.
Models require a minimum of setup, maintenance, or support equipment.

All of us at Traxxas want you to safely enjoy your new model. Operate your model sensibly and with care, and it will be exciting, safe, and fun for you and those around you. Failure to operate your model in a safe and responsible manner may result in property damage and serious injury. The precautions outlined in this manual should be strictly followed to help ensure safe operation. You alone must see that the instructions are followed and the precautions are adhered to.

IMPORTANT POINTS TO REMEMBER

- Your model is not intended for use on public roads or congested areas where its operation can conflict with or disrupt pedestrian or vehicular traffic.
- Never, under any circumstances, operate the model in crowds of people. Your model is very fast and could cause injury if allowed to collide with anyone.
- Because your model is controlled by radio, it is subject to radio interference from many sources that are beyond your control. Since radio interference can cause momentary losses of radio control, always allow a safety margin in all directions around the model in order to prevent collisions.
- The motor, battery, and speed control can become hot during use. Be careful to avoid getting burned.
- Don't operate your model at night, or anytime your line of sight to the model may be obstructed or impaired in any way.
- Most importantly, use good common sense at all times.

BATTERIES AND CHARGING

Your model uses rechargeable batteries that must be handled with care for safety and long battery life. Make sure to read and follow all instructions and precautions that were provided with your battery packs and your charger. It is your responsibility to charge and care for your battery backs properly. In addition to your battery and charger instructions, here are some more tips to keep in mind.

- Never leave batteries to charge unattended.
- Remove the batteries from the model while charging.
- Always unplug the battery from the electronic speed control when the model is not in use and when it is being stored or transported.
- Allow the battery packs to cool off between runs (before charging).
- Do not use battery packs that have been damaged in any way.
- Do not use battery packs that have damaged wiring, exposed wiring, or a damaged connector.
- Children should have responsible adult supervision when charging and handling batteries.

SPEED CONTROL

General Precautions

- Disconnect the Batteries: Always disconnect the battery pack from the speed control when not in use.
- Transmitter on First: Switch on your transmitter first before switching on the speed control to prevent runaways and erratic performance.

- Don't Get Burned: The transistor tabs and the heat sinks can get extremely hot, so be careful not to touch them until they cool. Supply adequate airflow for cooling.
- Always Use Heat Sinks: Three heat sinks are factory-installed on the speed control and must be used for maximum cooling and performance.
- 4 to 8-Cells Only: The XL-5 can only accept a maximum input voltage of 9.6 volts. Always adhere to the minimum and maximum limitations of the XL-5 as stated in the specifications table.
- Use Stock Connectors: If you decide to change the battery or motor connectors, only change one battery or motor connector at a time.
 This will prevent accidentally mis-wiring the speed control. If the XL-5 is not wired exactly as shown in the diagram, it can be damaged! Please note that modified speed controls can be subject to a rewiring fee when returned for service.
- No Reverse Voltage: The speed control is not protected against reverse polarity voltage. When changing the battery and/or motor, be sure to install the same type of connectors to avoid reverse polarity damage to the speed control. Removing the battery connectors on the speed control or using the samegender connectors on the speed control will void the product's warranty.
- ◆ Do Not Let the Transistor Tabs Touch: Never allow the three separate transistor banks to touch each other or any exposed metal. This will create a short circuit and damage the speed control. (For example, laying a metal tool across the heatsinks can damage the speed control.)

Advanced Precautions

- Motor Limit: The XL-5 has a 15-turn modified motor limit for 540 size motor and a 12-turn modified motor limit for 550 size motor when the motor is properly geared. If the motor or speed control is overheating, try a smaller pinion gear. Do not attempt to use a more powerful motor (fewer turns) than the above mentioned motor limits or you could experience frequent thermal shutdown.
- Insulate the Wires: Always insulate exposed wiring with heat shrink tubing to prevent short circuits.
- Use Neutrally Timed Motor: For reverse use, the motor must have 0° timing. Modified motor (with adjustable end bells) timed to 0° or Johnson/ Mabuchi (closed end bell) motor are recommended. Using motor with other than 0° timing will draw excess current in reverse, and can result in the speed control overheating and premature motor wear.
- Motor Capacitors Required: Ceramic capacitors should be properly installed on every motor to prevent radio interference. These are already installed on the factory Titan motor.
- No Schottky Diodes: External schottky diodes are not compatible with reversing speed controls. Using a schottky diode with the XL-5 will damage the ESC and void the 30-day warranty

TOOLS, SUPPLIES AND REQUIRED EQUIPMENT

Your model comes with a set of specialty metric tools. You'll need to purchase other items, available from your hobby dealer, to operate and maintain your model.

SUPPLIED TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT











Aftermarket servo adapters

Various pre-load spacers and shock pistons (on plastic sprue) see page 21

Battery pad (to reduce battery vibration, if necessary)

Body clips and body washers

REQUIRED TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT (SOLD SEPARATELY)







NiMH or NiCad 7.2V to 8.4V 6 or 7-cell battery pack with Traxxas High-Current Connector



NiMH or NiCad battery charger (peak detecting type recommended) see sidebar



Charging adapter - Traxxas part #3061 (if your battery charger has a Molex connector)



For more information on batteries, see Use the Right Batteries on page 13.



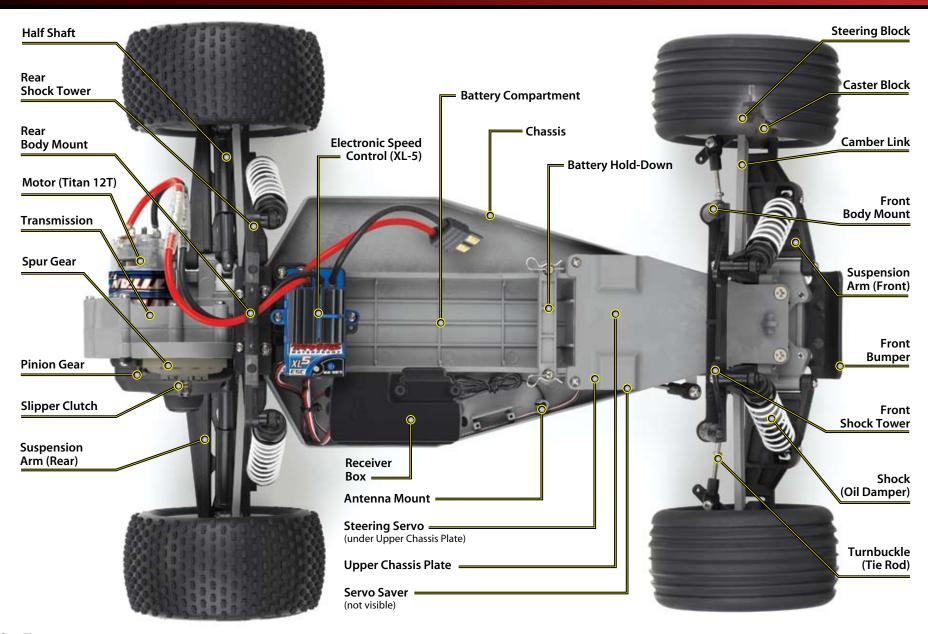
A peak-detecting charger is recommended for best performance and longest battery life. For more information, see *Use the Right Charger* on page 12.



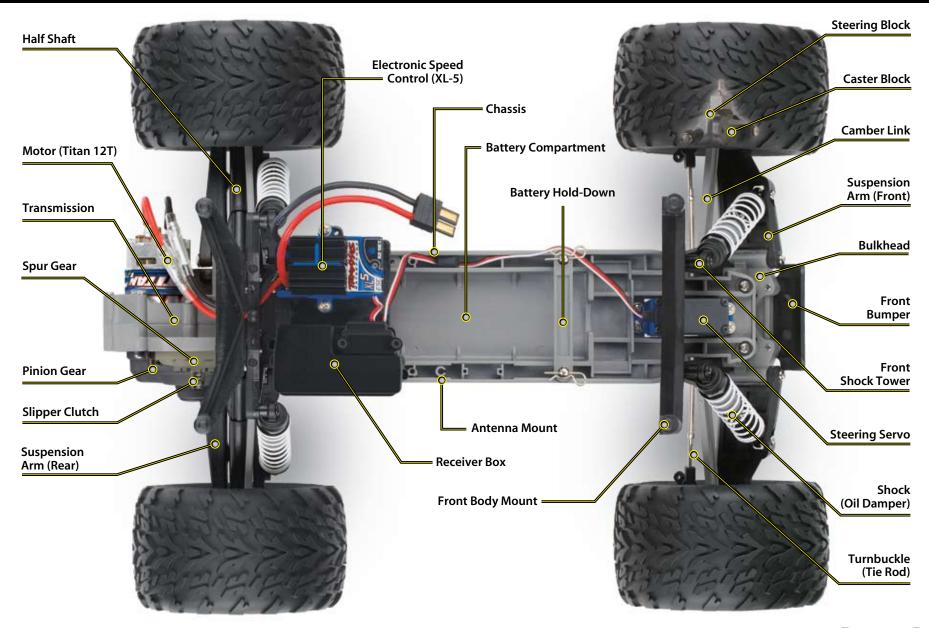
Recommended Equipment These items are not required for the operation of your model, but are a good idea to include in any R/C toolbox:

- Safety glasses
- Thin, hobby-quality cyanoacrylate instant tire glue (CA glue)
- Hobby knife
- Side cutters and/or needle nose pliers
- Philips screwdriver
- Soldering iron

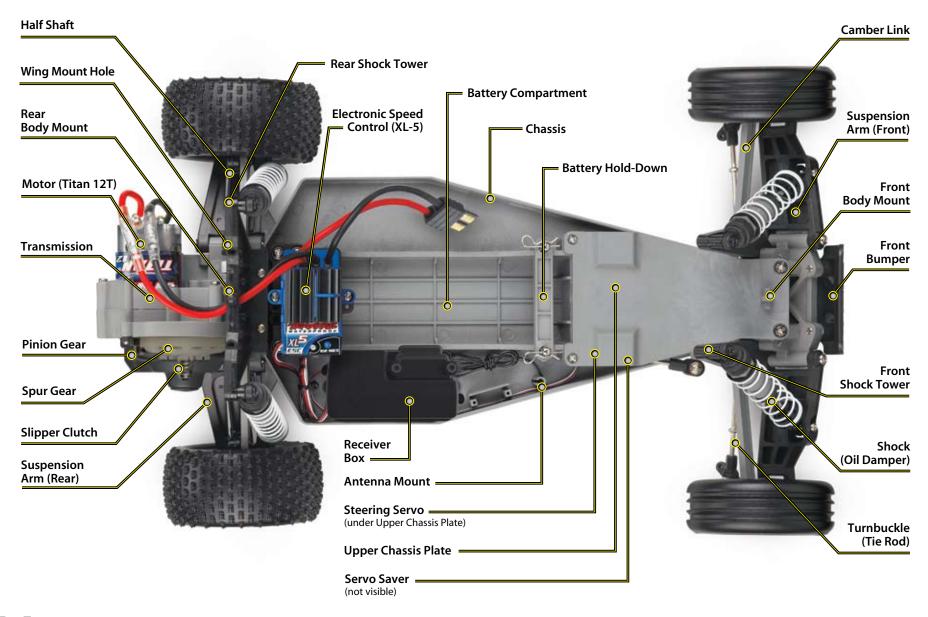
ANATOMY OF THE RUSTLER



ANATOMY OF THE STAMPEDE



ANATOMY OF THE BANDIT



QUICK START: GETTING UP TO SPEED

The following guide is an overview of the procedures for getti corners of Quick Start pages.	ng your model running. Look for the Quick Start logo on the bottom
1. Read the safety precautions on page 4	9. Detail your model • See page 10
For your own safety, understand where carelessness and misuse could lead to personal injury.	Install wings (if necessary) and apply other decals if desired.
2. Charge the battery pack • See sidebar, page 12	☐ 10. Drive your model • See page 19
Fully charge a 7.2-volt battery pack (not included). Charge your battery now so it will be ready when you finish the other setup procedures.	Driving tips and adjustments for your model.
☐ 3. Install the antenna • See page 14	☐ 11. Maintaining your model • See page 23
Install the antenna mast in the model.	Follow these critical steps to maintain the performance of your model and keep it in excellent running condition.
4. Install batteries in the transmitter • See page 13	
The transmitter requires 8 AA alkaline or rechargeable batteries.	
5. Install battery pack in the model • See page 13	
Your model requires a fully charged 7.2-volt battery pack (not included).	
☐ 6. Turn on the radio system • See page 16	
Make a habit of turning the transmitter on first, and off last.	
7. Check servo operation • See page 16	
Make sure the steering servo is working correctly.	
8. Range test the radio system • See page 16	
Follow this procedure to make sure your radio system works properly at a distance and that there is no interference from outside sources.	



The Quick Start Guide is not intended to replace the full operating instructions available in this manual. Please read this entire manual for complete instructions on the proper use and maintenance of your model.

Look for the Quick Start logo at the bottom of Quick Start pages.

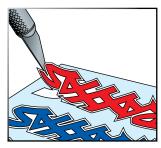


DECORATING YOUR MODEL

APPLYING THE DECALS

The main decals for your model have been applied at the factory. The decals are printed on selfadhesive clear mylar and are die-cut for easy removal. Use a hobby knife to lift the corner of a decal and lift it from the backing. To apply the decals, place one end down, hold the other end up, and gradually smooth the decal down with your finger as you go. This will prevent air bubbles. Placing both ends of the decal down and then trying to smooth it out will result in air pockets.

Look at the photos on the box for typical decal placement.



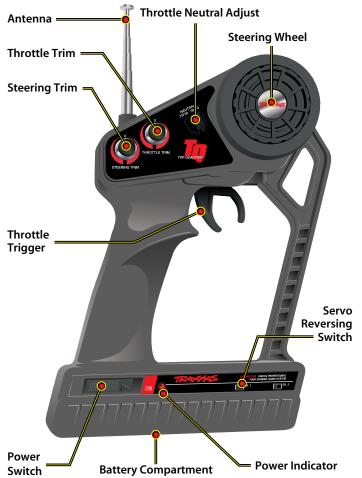


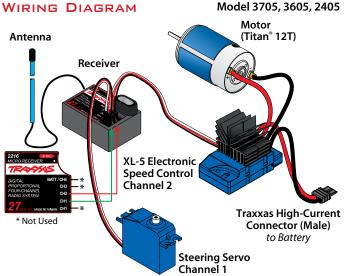


THE TRAXXAS TQ RADIO SYSTEM

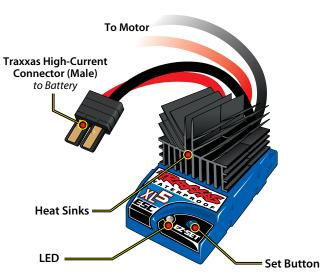
Your model is equipped with the Traxxas TQ Radio System. The Traxxas TQ Radio System is a 2-channel system that provides high-power output up to a quarter mile. Models 3605, 3705 and 2405 use one servo and an electronic speed control.

TQ TRANSMITTER





XL-5 ELECTRONIC SPEED CONTROL





The following Traxxas High **Current Connector packages** are available from your hobby dealer. When using adapters, be careful not to exceed the current rating of the Molex connector.



Part #30<u>60</u> Single Male/Female

Part #3080 2-Pack Female





Male Charge Adapter

2-Pack Male



Part #3062 Female Charge Adapter



Use the Right Charger
The most convenient type
of charger is an AC peakdetecting charger that plugs
directly into an AC wall
outlet. It contains special
peak-detection circuitry
that automatically shuts the
charger off when the battery
is fully charged.

If you're using a 15-minute timed charger, always fully discharge the battery pack before each charge. Some high mAh battery packs (1500 mAh or higher) require more than the standard 15 minutes of charge time. If the battery pack is cold after 15 minutes of charging, add another 5 minutes of charge time. Closely monitor the battery pack and stop charging it when it begins to feel warm to the touch. Never leave a battery charging unattended. Always follow charger manufacturer's instructions.



RADIO AND POWER SYSTEM TERMINOLOGY

Please take a moment to familiarize yourself with these radio and power system terms. They will be used throughout this manual.

BEC (Battery Eliminator Circuit) - The BEC can either be in the receiver or in the ESC. This circuit allows the receiver and servos to be powered by the main battery pack in an electric model. This eliminates the need to carry a separate pack of 4 AA batteries to power the radio equipment.

Channel - The 27 MHz frequency band is divided into 6 channels so that up to six models can be operated simultaneously. Each channel is referred to by its flag color and channel number, as shown below.

	CHANNEL	FREQUENCY BAND	FLAG Color	PART No.
	1	26.995	BROWN	2031
	🎢 z	27.045	RED	2032
•				
	3	27.095	DRANGE	2033
	-30			
C	4	27.145	YELLOW	2034
_	~			
	5	27.195	GREEN	2035
	6	27.255	BLUE	2036

Clearing your frequency - A routine, verbal check to make sure nobody else in your area is operating on the same channel. Always clear your frequency by calling out your channel number before operating your model. Wait or move to another area if your channel is already being used.

Crystal (X-tal) - The plug-in device that determines which channel the radio system will operate on. For each channel, there are two crystals, one for the receiver and one for the transmitter. Of those two crystals, the one marked with the lower number (.455 MHz lower) must be inserted into the receiver.

Current - Current is a measure of power flow through the electronics, usually measured in amps. If you look at wire like a garden hose, current is a measure of how much water is flowing through the hose.

ESC (Electronic Speed Control) - An electronic speed control is the electronic motor control inside the model. The XL-5 uses MOSFET power transistors to provide precise, digital proportional throttle control. Electronic speed controls use power more efficiently than mechanical speed controls so that the batteries run longer. An electronic speed control also has circuitry that prevents loss of steering and throttle control as the batteries lose their charge.

Frequency band - The radio frequency used by the transmitter to send signals to your model. All Traxxas RTR models operate on a 27 MHz frequency band.

mAh – Abbreviation for milliamp hour. A measure of the capacity of the battery pack. The higher the number, the longer the battery will last between recharges.

Neutral position - The standing position that the servos seek when the transmitter controls are at the neutral setting.

NiCad - Abbreviation for nickel-cadmium. The original rechargeable hobby pack, NiCad batteries have very high current handling, high capacity, and can last up to 1000 charging cycles. Good charging procedures are required to reduce the possibility of developing a "memory" effect and shortened run times.

NiMH - Abbreviation for nickel-metal hydride. Rechargeable NiMH batteries offer high current handling, and much greater resistance to the "memory" effect. NiMH batteries generally allow higher capacity than NiCad batteries. They can last up to 500 charge cycles. A peak charger designed for NiMH batteries is required for optimal performance.

Receiver - The radio unit inside your model that receives signals from the transmitter and relays them to the servos.

Resistance - In an electrical sense, resistance is a measure of how an object resists or obstructs the flow of current through it. When flow is constricted, energy is converted to heat and is lost.

Servo - Small motor unit in your model that operates the steering mechanism.

Transmitter - The hand-held radio unit that sends throttle and steering instructions to your model.

Trim - The fine-tuning adjustment of the neutral position of the servos, made by adjusting the throttle and steering trim sliders on the face of the transmitter.

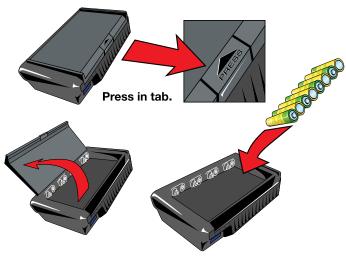
Thermal Shutdown Protection - Temperature sensing electronics are used in the ESC to detect overloading and overheating of the transistor circuitry. If excessive temperature is detected, the unit automatically shuts down to prevent damage to the electronics.

2-channel radio system - The TQ radio system, consisting of the receiver, the transmitter, and the servos. The system uses two channels: one to operate the throttle and one to operate the steering.

Voltage - Voltage is a measure of the electrical potential difference between two points, such as between the positive battery terminal and ground. Using the analogy of the garden hose, while current is the quantity of water flow in the hose, voltage corresponds to the pressure that is forcing the water through the hose.

INSTALLING TRANSMITTER BATTERIES

Your TQ transmitter uses 8 AA batteries. The battery compartment is located in the base of the transmitter.



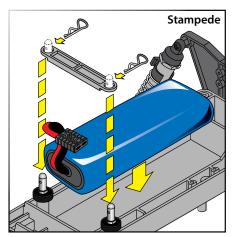
- 1. Remove the battery compartment door by pressing the tab and lifting the door up.
- 2. Install the batteries in the correct orientation as indicated in the battery compartment.
- 3. Reinstall the battery door and snap it closed.
- 4. Turn on the transmitter and check the power indicator for a solid red light.

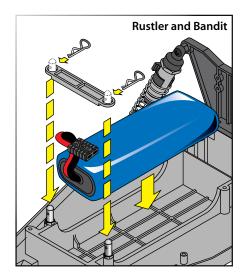
If the power indicator light flashes, then the transmitter batteries are weak, discharged or possibly installed incorrectly. Replace with new or freshly charged batteries. The power indicator light does not indicate the charge level of the battery pack installed in the model.



Installing the Battery Pack

Place the battery pack into the battery compartment of the model and then place the battery hold-down over the posts. Secure the battery hold-down with body clips in the holes in the posts. Do not connect the battery pack yet.







Use the Right Batteries
Your transmitter uses AA
batteries. Use new alkaline
batteries, or rechargeable
batteries such as NiCad
or NiMH (Nickel Metal
Hydride) batteries in your
transmitter. Make sure
rechargeable batteries are
fully charged according
to the manufacturer's
instructions.

If you use rechargeable batteries in your transmitter, be aware that when they begin to lose their charge, they lose power more quickly than regular alkaline batteries.

Caution: Discontinue running your model at the first sign of weak batteries (flashing red light) to avoid losing control.



If the power indicator doesn't light red, check the polarity of the batteries. Check rechargeable batteries for a full charge.





Spray a little window cleaner on the antenna wire to make it easier to push through the antenna tube.



If there are any kinks in the black antenna wire, it will be more difficult to push through the antenna tube. Pull the wire straight by sandwiching it between your thumb and index finger and running your fingers along the length of the wire (with medium pressure).



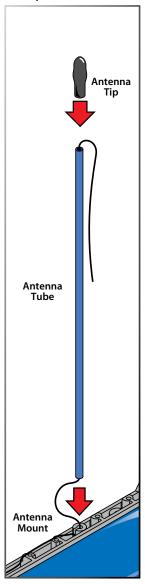
Don't shorten the length of the antenna wire. Its length is tuned to the frequency band; cutting it could severely shorten the radio system's range.



Don't push the transmitter antenna down from the top. Pull it down from the bottom, one segment at a time, to prevent binding and kinking the antenna mast.



Stampede

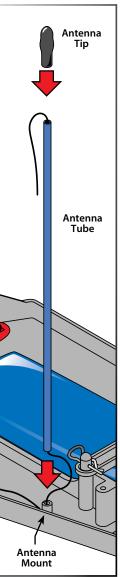


SETTING UP THE ANTENNA

You must install the antenna mast (tube) before you operate your model. You'll find the plastic antenna tube and tip in the bag with your manuals and documentation.

- 1. Locate the black antenna wire that exits the receiver.
- Pull the wire straight with your fingers several times until it is straight (no kinks or bends) and then insert the end of the wire into one end of the antenna tube. Push the wire all the way through the antenna tube.
- 3. Pull the remaining wire through the antenna tube, and then insert the base of the antenna tube into the molded post on the chassis.
- 4. Fold the remaining antenna wire over the top of the tube and secure it with the antenna tip.
- 5. On the transmitter, always fully extend the telescoping antenna when running your model. Make a habit of holding the transmitter so that the antenna points straight up.

Rustler and Bandit



TQ RADIO SYSTEM CONTROLS



TQ RADIO SYSTEM ADJUSTMENTS

In addition to the electronic throttle and steering trim controls, your radio system features throttle neutral adjustment and servo reversing switches. These are preset at the factory and should not require further adjustment.

Throttle Neutral Adjustment

The throttle neutral adjustment is located on the transmitter face and controls the forward/reverse travel of the throttle trigger. Change the adjustment by pressing the button and sliding it to the desired position.

There are two settings available:

50/50: Allows equal travel for both acceleration and reverse.

70/30: Allows more throttle travel (70%) and less reverse travel (30%).

Note: If you change throttle travel, you will need to reprogram the electronic speed control.



Electronic Throttle Trim

The electronic throttle trim located on the face of the transmitter adjusts the neutral (center) point of the throttle servo when the servo is at rest. If your model uses an electronic speed control instead of a throttle servo, this control has been preset for you at the factory.

Electronic Steering Trim

The electronic steering trim located on the face of the transmitter adjusts the neutral (center) point of the steering servo when the servo is at rest. Adjust this control to make the model drive straight with no steering input at the wheel.

Servo Reversing Switches

The servo reversing switches are located on the front of the transmitter, next to the on/off switch. Moving a switch reverses the direction of the corresponding servo.

Each switch corresponds to a channel, as shown below. For example, if you turn the steering wheel to the right and your wheels turn left, you would move the Channel 1 switch to correct the servo direction. It may be necessary to adjust the corresponding trim control after moving a switch.



Channel	Servo
1	Steering
2	Throttle

Default Setting



Remember, always turn the TQ transmitter on first and off last to avoid damage to your model.



Your speed control was adjusted to the radio from the factory. It is possible for the throttle trim control on the transmitter to have moved during transit or while handling the transmitter. If the motor runs when the model is switched on, then move the throttle trim control on the transmitter until the motor stops. If anything more than a slight adjustment of the throttle trim control is required, then you should readjust your speed control. Refer to the adjustments section on page 17.

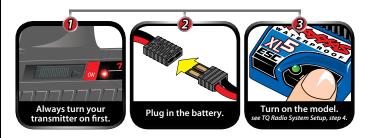


When rechargeable batteries begin to lose their charge, they will fade much faster than alkaline dry cells. Stop immediately at the first sign of weak batteries. Never turn the transmitter off when the battery pack is plugged in. The model could run out of control.



TO RADIO SYSTEM RULES

- Each time you prepare to run your model, you must clear your frequency to be sure no one else in the area is using the same channel as you. There are six possible channels, numbered 1 through 6. Each is represented by a color. Look at the crystal plugged into the back of your transmitter to determine which channel your model is assigned to.
- Always turn your TQ transmitter on first and off last. This procedure will help to prevent your model from receiving stray signals from another transmitter, or other source, and running out of control.
- Always have the transmitter turned on before plug in the battery.
- Always use new or freshly charged batteries for the radio system. Weak batteries will limit the range of the radio signal between the receiver and the transmitter. Loss of the radio signal can cause you to lose control of your model.



TQ RADIO SYSTEM SETUP

The TQ Radio System was pre-adjusted at the factory. The adjustment should be checked, before running the model, in case of movement during shipping. Here's how:

- Fully extend the chrome antenna mast on the transmitter and turn the switch on. The red indicator light on the transmitter should be solid red (not flashing).
- Elevate the model so that the rear tires are off the ground. If you are holding the model, grip it firmly. Make sure your hands are clear of the moving parts of the model.

3. Plug the battery pack in the model into the speed control.

hannel 1

Brown

Channel 2

Channel 3

Channel 4

Yellow

Channel 5 Green

Channel 6

- 4. XL-5 Electronic Speed Control Models The on/off switch is integrated into the speed control. With the transmitter on, press the XL-5 set button for ½ second, until the LED shines GREEN, then immediately release the button. This turns the model on (see page 17 for more on XL-5 setup and operation). To turn the XL-5 off, press the set button until the green LED turns off.
- 5. Turn the steering wheel on the transmitter back and forth and check for rapid operation of the steering servo. Also, check that the steering mechanism is not loose or binding. If the steering operates slowly, check for weak batteries.
- 6. When looking down at model, the front wheels should be pointing straight ahead. If the wheels are turned slightly to the left or right, slowly adjust the steering trim control on the transmitter until they are pointing straight ahead.
- 7. Operate the throttle trigger to ensure that you have full forward and reverse operation, and that the motor stops when the throttle trigger is at neutral.
- 8. Once adjustments are made, turn off your model, followed by the hand held transmitter.

RANGE-TESTING THE TQ RADIO SYSTEM

Before each running session with your model, you should rangetest your radio system to ensure that it operates properly.

- 1. Turn on the radio system and check its operation as described in the previous section.
- 2. Have a friend hold the model. Make sure hands and clothing are clear of the wheels and other moving parts on the model.
- 3. Make sure your transmitter antenna is fully extended, and then walk away from the model with the transmitter until you reach the farthest distance you plan to operate the model.
- 4. Operate the controls on the transmitter once again to be sure that the model responds correctly.
- Do not attempt to operate the model if there is any problem with the radio system or any external interference with your radio signal at your location.

ADJUSTING THE ELECTRONIC SPEED CONTROL (MODELS 3605, 3705, 2405)

XL-5 electronic speed controls are factory set and should not require any adjustments. These instructions are provided for your reference.

Transmitter Adjustments for the XL-5 ESC

Before attempting to program your XL-5 ESC, it is important to make sure that your transmitter is properly adjusted (set back to the factory defaults). Otherwise, you may not get the best performance from your speed control.

The transmitter should be adjusted as follows:

- 1. Set the throttle neutral switch to the 50/50 setting.
- 2. Set the throttle trim to the middle "0" setting. This adjusts the neutral position.
- 3. Set the Channel 2 servo reversing switch to the left position.
- 4. Do not change the position of any of the servo reversing switches after programming the XL-5 ESC.

XL-5 Setup Programming (Calibrating your ESC and transmitter) Read through all of the programming steps before you begin. If you get lost during programming or receive unexpected results, simply unplug the battery, wait a few seconds, plug the battery back in, and start over.

- 1. Disconnect one of the motor wires between the XL-5 and the motor. This is a precaution to prevent runaway when the speed control is turned on before it is programmed.
- 2. Connect a fully charged battery pack to the XL-5.
- 3. Turn on the transmitter (with the throttle at neutral).
- Press and hold the ESC set button

 (A). The LED will first turn green and then red. Release the set button.
- 5. When the LED blinks RED ONCE. Pull the throttle trigger to the full throttle position and hold it there (B).
- When the LED blinks RED TWICE. Push the throttle trigger to the full reverse and hold it there (C).
- 7. When the LED turns solid GREEN, programming is complete. The LED will continuously shines green indicating the XL-5 is on and at neutral (D).









XL-5 Operation

To operate the speed control and test the programming, reconnect the motor wires and place the vehicle on a stable block or stand so that all of the driven wheels are off the ground.

- 1. With the transmitter on, press the set button for ½ second, until the LED shines GREEN, then immediately release the button. This turns the XL-5 on. If you press and release too quickly, you may hear the steering servo jump but the LED may not stay on. Simply press the button again until the LED shines GREEN and then release. (Note: If the throttle is not at neutral or if the throttle trim has been altered, the LED will turn off after one second and the wheels may begin to drive.)
- 2. Apply forward throttle. The LED will turn off until full throttle power is reached. At full throttle. the led will shine GREEN.
- Move the trigger forward to apply the brakes. Note that braking control is fully proportional. The LED will turn off until full braking power is reached. At full brakes, the LED will shine GREEN.
- 4. Return the throttle trigger to neutral. The LED will shine GREEN.
- Move the throttle trigger forward again to engage reverse (Profile #1).
 The LED will turn off. Once full reverse power is reached, the LED will shine GREEN.
- 6. To stop, return the throttle trigger to neutral. Note that there is no programmed delay when changing from reverse to forward. Use caution to avoid slamming the speed control from reverse to forward. On high-traction surfaces, this could result in transmission or driveline damage.
- 7. To turn the XL-5 off, press the set button until the green LED turns off.

Thermal Shutdown Protection

The XL-5 is equipped with thermal shutdown protection to guard against overheating caused by excessive current flow. If the operating temperature exceeds safe limits, the XL-5 will automatically shut down. The LED on the face of the XL-5 will continuously shine green, even if the throttle trigger is moved back and forth. Once the temperature returns to a safe level, the XL-5 will once again function normally.

XL-5 Profile Selection

The speed control is factory set to Profile #1 (100% forward, brakes, and reverse). To disable reverse (Profile #2) or to allow 50% forward and 50% reverse (Profile #3), follow the steps on page 18. The speed control should be connected to the receiver and battery, and the transmitter should be adjusted as described previously. The profiles are selected by entering the programming mode.



XL-5 Specifications

Input voltage: 4 to 8 cells (4.8 to 9.6V)

Motor limit: 15-turns (540) 12-turns (550)

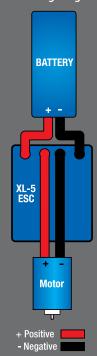
Peak current - fwd/rev: 60A/60A

Braking current: 60A

BEC voltage: 6V

Transistor type: MOSFET

XL-5 Wiring Diagram





Patent-Pending Training Mode (Profile #3) reduces forward and reverse throttle by 50%. Training Mode is provided to reduce the power output allowing beginning drivers to better control the model. As driving skills improve, simply change to Sport or Race Mode for full-power operation.



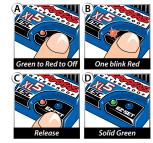
Tip For Fast Mode Changes
The XL-5 is set to Profile 1
(Sport Mode) as the default.
To quickly change to Profile 3
(Training Mode), with the
transmitter on, press and
hold the SET button until the
light blinks red three times
and then release.
For full power, quickly change
back to Profile 1 (Sport Mode)
by pressing and holding the
SET button until the light
blinks red one time and
then releasing.

Profile Description

Profile #1 (Sport Mode): 100% Forward, 100% Brakes, 100% Reverse Profile #2 (Race Mode): 100% Forward, 100% Brakes, No Reverse Profile #3 (Training Mode): 50% Forward, 100% Brakes, 50% Reverse

Selecting Sport Mode (Profile #1: 100% Forward, 100% Brakes, 100% Reverse)

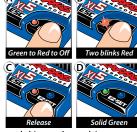
- Connect a fully charged battery pack to the XL-5 and turn on your transmitter.
- 2. With the XL-5 off, press and hold the set button until the light turns solid green, then solid red and then begins blinking red (indicating the Profile numbers).
- 3. When the light blinks red once, release the set button.



4. The light will then turn green and the model is ready to drive.

Selecting Race Mode (Profile #2: 100% Forward, 100% Brakes, No Reverse)

- Connect a fully charged battery pack to the XL-5 and turn on your transmitter.
- 2. With the XL-5 off, press and hold the set button until the light turns solid green, then solid red and then begins blinking red (indicating the Profile numbers).
- **3.** When the light blinks red twice, release the set button.



4. The light will then turn green and the model is ready to drive.

Selecting Training Mode (Profile #3: 50% Forward, 100% Brakes, 50% Reverse)

- Connect a fully charged battery pack to the XL-5 and turn on your transmitter.
- With the XL-5 off, press and hold the set button until the light turns solid green, then solid red and then begins blinking red (indicating the Profile numbers).
- **3.** When the light blinks red three times, release the set button.
- Green to Red to Off
 Three blinks Red

 C

 D

4. The light will then turn green and the model is ready to drive.

Note: If you missed the mode you wanted, keep the SET button pressed down and the blink cycle will repeat until a Mode is selected.



DRIVING YOUR MODEL

Now it's time to have some fun! This section contains instructions on driving and making adjustments to your model. Before you go on, here are some important precautions to keep in mind.

- Allow the model to cool for a few minutes between runs. This is particularly important when using high capacity (2400mAh and above) battery packs that allow extended periods of running. Monitoring temperatures will extend the lives of the batteries and motor.
- Do not continue to operate the model with low batteries or you could lose control of it. Indications of low battery power include slow operation and sluggish servos (slow to return to center). Stop immediately at the first sign of weak batteries. When the batteries in the transmitter become weak, the red power light will begin to flash. Stop immediately and install new batteries.
- Do not drive the model at night, on public streets, or in large crowds of people.
- If the model becomes stuck against an object, do not continue to run the motor. Remove the obstruction before continuing. Do not push or pull objects with the model.
- Because the model is controlled by radio, it is subject to radio interference from many sources beyond your control. Since radio interference can cause momentary losses of control, allow a safety margin of space in all directions around the model in order to prevent collisions.
- Use good, common sense whenever you are driving your model. Intentionally driving
 in an abusive and rough manner will only result in poor performance and broken
 parts. Take care of your model so that you can enjoy it for a long time to come.
- When using the supplied optional pinions for top speed running, limit your driving to paved surfaces only. Running in grass and off-road could cause excessive loads on the electrical system in the model.
- The Titan 12T motor will benefit from a short break in period to ensure optimum
 performance and longer motor life. For the first battery pack, use the stock
 installed pinion gear and drive smoothly on a flat, paved surface. Accelerate
 smoothly (avoiding full throttle starts), with most of the driving being done
 at higher speeds. This will help insure that the motor provides the best
 performance and longest life.

About Run Time

A large factor affecting run time is the type and condition of your batteries. The milliamp hour (mAh) rating of the batteries determines how large their "fuel tank" is. A 3000 mAh battery pack will theoretically run twice as long as a 1500 mAh sport pack. Because of the wide variation in the types of batteries that are available and the methods with which they can be charged, it's impossible to give exact run times for the model.

Another major factor which affects run time is how the model is driven. Run times may decrease when the model is driven repetitively from a stop to top-speed and with repetitive hard acceleration.

Tips for Increasing Run Time

• Use batteries with the highest mAh rating you can purchase.

- Use a high-quality peak-detecting charger.
- Read and follow all maintenance and care instructions provided by the manufacturer of your batteries.
- Vary your speed. The Titan12T is a fan cooled motor, therefore moderate to topspeed running helps reduce motor temperatures.
- Lower your gear ratio. Installing a smaller pinion gear will lower your gear ratio, causing less power draw from the motor.
- Maintain your model. Do not allow dirt or damaged parts to cause binding in the drivetrain. Keep the motor clean and the motor bushings lightly lubricated.

mAh Ratings and Power Output

The mAh rating of the battery can effect your top speed performance. The higher capacity battery packs experience less voltage drop under heavy load than low mAh rated packs. The higher voltage potential allows increased speed until the battery begins to become discharged.

RUNNING IN WET CONDITIONS

Your new Traxxas model is designed with water-resistant features to protect the electronics in the model (receiver, servos, electronic speed control). This gives you the freedom to have fun driving your model through puddles, wet grass, snow, and through other wet conditions. Though highly water resistant, the model should not be treated as though it is submersible or totally, 100% waterproof. Water resistance applies only to the installed electronic components. Running in wet conditions requires additional care and maintenance for the mechanical and electrical components to prevent corrosion of metal parts and maintain their proper function.

Precautions

- Without proper care, some parts of your model can be seriously damaged due
 to contact with water. Know that additional maintenance procedures will be
 required after running in wet conditions in order to maintain the performance
 of your model. Do not run your model in wet conditions if you are not willing
 to accept the additional care and maintenance responsibilities.
- Not all batteries can be used in wet environments. Consult your battery manufacturer to see if their batteries can be used in wet conditions. Do not use LiPo batteries in wet conditions (note: the XL-5 is not LiPo compatible).
- The Traxxas TQ transmitter is not water resistant. Do not subject it to wet conditions such as rain.
- Do not operate your model during a rain storm or other inclement weather where lightning may be present.
- Do NOT allow your model to come in contact with salt water (ocean water), brackish water (between fresh water and ocean water), or other contaminated water. Salt water is highly conductive and highly corrosive. Use caution if you plan to run your model on or near a beach.
- Even casual water contact can reduce the life of your motor. Special care must be taken to modify your gearing and/or your driving style in wet conditions to extend the life of the motor (details follow).



Before Running Your Vehicle in Wet Conditions

- Consult the section "After Running Your Vehicle in Wet Conditions" before proceeding. Make sure you understand the additional maintenance required with wet running.
- 2. The wheels have small holes molded in to allow air to enter and exit the tire during normal running. Water will enter these holes and get trapped inside the tires if holes are not cut in the tires. Cut two small holes (3mm or 1/8" diameter) in each tire. Each hole should be near the tire centerline, 180 degrees apart.
- Confirm that the RX box O-ring and cover are installed correctly and secure. Make sure the screws are tight and the blue O-ring is not visible protruding from the edge of the cover.
- 4. Confirm that your batteries can be used in wet conditions.
- 5. Use lower gearing (smaller pinion gears, as low as 12T or spur gear as large as 90T) when running in mud, deep puddles, snow, or other similar situations that will restrict the tires and put much higher loads on the motor.

Motor Precautions

- Titan motor life can be greatly reduced in mud and water. If the motor gets excessively wet or submerged, use very light throttle (run the motor slowly) until the excess water can run out. Applying full throttle to a motor full of water can cause rapid motor failure. Your driving habits will determine motor life with a wet motor. Do not submerge the motor under water.
- Do not gear the motor by temperature when running in wet conditions. The motor will be cooled by water contact and will not give an accurate indication of appropriate gearing.

After Running Your Vehicle in Wet Conditions

- 1. Drain the tires by spinning the tires at high speed to "sling" the water out. One way to do this is to make several high-speed passes on a flat, dry surface, if possible.
- 2. Remove the batteries.
- 3. Rinse excess dirt and mud off the truck with low-pressure water, such as from a garden hose. Do NOT use pressure washer or other high-pressure water. Avoid directing water into the bearings, transmission, etc.
- 4. Blow off the truck with compressed air (optional, but recommended). Wear safety glasses when using compressed air.
- 5. Remove the wheels from the truck.
- 6. Spray all the bearings, drive train, and fasteners with WD-40 $^\circ$ or similar water displacing light oil.
- 7. Let the truck stand or you may blow off with compressed air. Placing the truck in a warm sunny spot will aid drying. Trapped water and oil will continue to drip from the truck for a few hours. Place it on a towel or piece of cardboard to protect the surface underneath.
- 8. As a precautionary step, remove the sealed receiver box cover. While unlikely, humidity or tiny amounts of moisture or condensation may enter the receiver box during wet running. This can cause long-term problems with the sensitive electronics in the receiver. Removing the receiver box cover during storage allows the air inside to dry. This step can improve the long-term reliability of the receiver. It is not necessary to remove the receiver or unplug any of the wires.

- 9. Additional Maintenance: Increase your frequency of disassembly, inspection and lubrication of the following items: This is necessary after extended wet use or if the vehicle will not be used for an extended period of time (such as a week or longer). This additional maintenance is needed to prevent any trapped moisture from corroding internal steel components.
 - Stub axle housing bearings: Remove, clean, and re-oil the bearings.
 - Transmission: Remove, disassemble, clean, and re-grease the transmission components. Use a light coating of wheel bearing grease (from an auto parts store) on the metal gear teeth. Refer to your exploded view diagrams for help with disassembly and reassembly.
 - Titan motor: Remove the motor, clean with aerosol motor cleaner, and re-oil the bushings with lightweight motor oil. Be sure to wear eye protection when using spray aerosol cleaners.

RECEIVER BOX: MAINTAINING A WATERTIGHT SEAL

Removing and Installing Radio Gear

The unique design of the receiver box allows the removal and installation of the receiver without losing the ability to maintain a watertight seal in the box. The patent-pending wire clamp feature gives you the ability to also install aftermarket radio systems and maintain the watertight features of the receiver box.

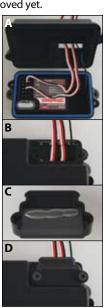
Removing the Receiver

- 1. Remove the wire clamp by removing the two 2.5x10mm cap screws.
- 2. Remove the cover by removing the two 3x10mm cap screws.
- 3. To remove the receiver from the box simply lift it out and set to the side.

 The antenna wire is still inside the clamp area and cannot be removed yet.
- 4. Unplug the servo cables from the receiver and remove the receiver.

Receiver Installation

- 1. Install the electronic speed control (ESC), servo, and antenna wiring through the receiver box top (A).
- 2. Plug ESC and servo wires into the receiver (see page 11).
- 3. Bundle wiring as necessary.
- 4. Make sure the O-ring is properly seated into the groove in the receiver box bottom so that the cover will not pinch it or damage it in any way.
- 5. Place receiver box top onto receiver box bottom and install and tighten the two 3x10mm cap screws securely.
- 6. Inspect the cover to make sure that the O-ring seal is not visible.
- Arrange the wires neatly using the wire guides on the receiver box top (B). Excess ESC and servo wiring should be bundled inside the receiver box. Pull out all available antenna wiring from the receiver box.
- 8. Apply a small bead of silicone grease to the foam on the wire clamp (C).
- 9. Install the wire clamp and tighten the two 2.5x10mm cap screws securely (D).

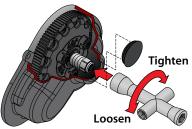


ADJUSTING YOUR MODEL

Once you become familiar with driving your model, you might need to make adjustments for better driving performance

Adjusting the Slipper Clutch

The model is equipped with an adjustable slipper clutch which is built into the large spur gear. The purpose of the slipper clutch is to regulate the amount of power sent to the rear wheels to prevent tire spin. When it slips, the slipper clutch makes a



high-pitch, whining noise. Remove the rubber slipper clutch plug on the transmission cover in order to adjust the slipper. Use the 4-way wrench to turn the adjusting nut clockwise to tighten and counter-clockwise to loosen. Place the model on a high-traction surface, such as carpet. Adjust the slipper so that you can hear it slip for approximately two feet from a standing, full throttle start. (Learn more about adjusting the slipper clutch in the sidebar left.)

Adjusting the Toe-in

Geometry and alignment specs play an important roll in your model's handling. Take the time to set them correctly. Set the steering trim on your transmitter to neutral. Now, adjust your servo and tie rods so that both wheels are pointing straight ahead and are parallel to each other (0-degrees toe-in). This will ensure the same amount of steering in both directions.

For increased stability add one- to two-degrees of toe in to each front wheel. Use the turnbuckles to adjust the alignment.



Fine Tuning the Shocks

The four shocks on the model greatly influence its handling. Whenever you rebuild your shocks, or make any changes to the pistons, springs or oil, always make changes to them in pairs (front or rear). Piston selection depends on the range of oil viscosities that you have available. For example, using a two-hole piston with a

lightweight oil will, at one point, give you the same dampening as a three-hole piston with heavier oil. We recommend using the two-hole pistons with a range of oil viscosities from 10W to 50W (available from your hobby shop). The thinner viscosity oils (30W or less) flow more smoothly and are more consistent, while thicker oils provide more dampening. Use only 100% pure silicone shock oil to prolong seal life. The model's ride height can be adjusted by adding or removing the clip-on, spring pre-load spacers. Adjust the ride height so that the suspension arms are slightly above being parallel to the ground. Observe how the model handles in turns. Proper set-up will add stability and help prevent spin outs. Experiment with different springs and shock oils to find what works best for your current track conditions.

Pre-load Spacer

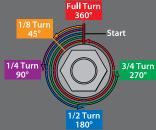
Wheels and Tires

Many types of aftermarket tires and wheels can be adapted for use on your model. Most will affect the overall width and the suspension geometry of the model. The offsets and dimensions designed into the model's wheels are intentional; therefore, Traxxas cannot recommend the use of other non-Traxxas wheels with different specifications. The diameter of the wheels is an innovative design, and there is a variety of different tires available for you to experiment with in addition to the included tires on the model (listed in your parts list). Experimentation with different types of tires is recommended to see which ones work the best on the terrain where the model is run. When selecting tires, consider the overall diameter and the rubber compound (hard or soft). If the overall diameter of the tire is significantly increased, you will need to use a smaller pinion gear to compensate for the larger tire. Soft compound tires with many short spikes generally work better on hard, dry surfaces. In loose dirt, a tire with large spikes should perform better. See your parts list for accessory wheels and tires.

Motors and Gearing

There are two different types of aftermarket motors which can be purchased for your model, stock and modified. Stock motors all have the same wire thickness and number of turns around the armature as governed by sanctioned racing organizations. They are inexpensive, and widely available. Modified motors are more expensive, may feature ball bearings and come in a variety of wire







fully compressed.

Gearing Compatibility Chart:

The chart below shows a full range of gear combinations. This does NOT imply that these gear combinations should be used. Over-gearing (bigger pinions, smaller spurs) can overheat and damage the motor and/or speed control. Items in black will fit 540 motors only (not Titan 12T). Items in color show the acceptable ranges for each model (see key below).

Spur Gear

Г	76	83	86	90
12	-	-	19.50	20.40
13	-		18.01	18.82
14	-		16.70	17.49
15	-	15.04	15.58	16.32
16	-	14.12	14.63	15.31
17	-	13.27	13.76	14.39
18	-	12.54	13.00	13.60
19	-	11.89	12.32	12.89
20	-	11.28	11.69	12.24
21	-	10.75	11.14	11.66
22	9.38	10.25	10.63	11.12
23	8.97	9.82	10.17	10.63
24	8.62	9.41	9.74	10.20
25	8.27	9.03	9.36	9.79
26	7.94	8.67	9.00	
27	7.64	8.35	8.67	
28	7.37	8.05	8.35	
29	7.12	7.78	8.08	
30	6.88	7.53	-	
31	6.66	7.29	-	
32	6.47	7.04	-	
33	6.26	-	-	-
34	6.09	-	-	-
35	5.90		-	-

Rustler

Stampede/Rustler Bandit

thicknesses and number of turns of wire on the armature. The fewer number of turns of wire on the armature, the more powerful the motor will be. Keep in mind that the more powerful the motor, the less battery run time you will have.

One of the more significant advantages to your model's transmission is the extremely wide range of available gear ratios. It can be geared low enough to run extremely hot, modified motors. Modified motors should be geared lower (higher numerically) than stock motors because they reach their maximum power at higher RPM's. A modified motor that is geared incorrectly can actually be slower than a correctly-geared, stock motor. Use the following formula to calculate the overall ratio for combinations not listed on the gear chart:

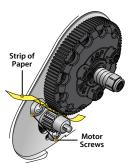
Spur Gear Teeth # Pinion Gear Teeth x 2.72 = Final Gear Ratio

If you are worried that you might be over-geared, check the temperature of the battery pack and motor. If the battery is extremely hot, and/or the motor is too hot to touch, your model is probably over-geared. If you are not able to run your model for at least four minutes before the battery dies, then change to a lower gear ratio. This temperature test assumes that the model is close to factory stock weight and operates freely with no excessive friction, dragging, or binding, and the battery is fully charged and in good condition.

The model is equipped with a Titan 12T 550 motor. The gear combination that comes stock on each model provides good overall acceleration and top speed. If you want more top speed and less acceleration install the included optional large pinion gear (more teeth). If you want more acceleration and less top speed, use a smaller optional (not included) pinion gear. The included optional large pinion gear is intended for high-speed running on hard surfaces, and this gearing is not recommended for off-road or repetitive starting and stopping.

	Rustler	Stampede	Bandit
Fast AccelerationShort DistancesSmall Tracks	19-Tooth Pinion*	16-Tooth Pinion*	26-Tooth Pinion
	90-Tooth Spur	90-Tooth Spur	86-Tooth Spur*
Good AccelerationGood SpeedNormal Conditions	23-Tooth Pinion	19-Tooth Pinion	26-Tooth Pinion
	90-Tooth Spur	90-Tooth Spur	76-Tooth Spur
High Top SpeedLong DistancesHard Surfaces	28-Tooth Pinion	23-Tooth Pinion	31-Tooth Pinion
	86-Tooth Spur*	90-Tooth Spur	76-Tooth Spur

The Titan 12T is equipped with an integrated cooling fan that is effective during medium to high-speed operation. The gearbox is specially vented to cool the motor. Repetitive starting and stopping over short distances creates excess heat and will not allow the fan to cool the motor properly. For this type of driving, smaller pinion gears are recommended to reduce load on the motor. See the guide below.



Adjusting Gear Mesh

Incorrect gear mesh is the most common cause of stripped spur gears. To set the gear mesh, cut a narrow strip of notebook paper and run it into the gear mesh.

Loosen the motor screws and slide the motor and pinion gear into the spur gear. Retighten the motor screws and then remove the strip of paper. You should be able to run a fresh strip of paper through the gears without binding them.

Centering Your Servo

If the trim controls on your transmitter seem off, you may need to recenter your servo. Additionally, whenever your servo has been removed for service or cleaning, it must be re-centered prior to installation in the model.

- 1. Disconnect the servo horn from the steering servo.
- Connect the steering servo to channel 1 on the receiver. Connect the electronic speed control (ESC) to channel 2. The white wire on the servo lead is positioned towards the crystal.
- 3. Place fresh "AA" batteries in the transmitter and turn the transmitter power switch on.
- 4. Turn the throttle and steering trim adjustments on the transmitter to the center "0" position.
- Elevate the rear wheels of the model. Connect a fresh 7.2V battery pack to the speed control and turn on the ESC (see page 16). The servo will automatically jump to its center position.
- 6. Turn off the power to the model followed by the transmitter. The servo horn is now ready to be installed.
- Be careful not to move the servo shaft when installing the servo horn. Readjust the ESC as described in the "Adjusting the Speed Control" section.

Key:

MAINTAINING YOUR MODEL

Your model requires timely maintenance in order to stay in top running condition. The following procedures should be taken very seriously.

Inspect the vehicle for obvious damage or wear. Look for:

- 1. Cracked, bent, or damaged parts
- 2. Check the wheels and steering for binding.
- 3. Check the operation of the shock absorbers.
- 4. Check the wiring for any frayed wires or loose connections.
- Check the mounting of the receiver and servo(s) and speed control.
- 6. Check the tightness of the wheel nuts with a wrench.
- 7. Check the operation of the radio system, especially the condition of the batteries.
- 8. Check for any loose screws in the chassis structure or suspension.
- 9. The steering servo saver will wear out over time. If the steering becomes loose, the servo saver should be replaced.
- 10. Inspect the gears for wear, broken teeth, or debris lodged between the teeth.
- 11. Check the tightness of the slipper clutch.

Other periodic maintenance:

- (friction material):
 Under normal use,
 the friction material
 in the slipper clutch
 should wear very slowly.
 If the thickness of any one of
 the slipper clutch pads is 1.8mm or
 less, the friction disc should be replaced.
 Measure the pad thickness using calipers or
 measuring against the diameter of the 1.5 and 2.0mm hex
 wrenches provided with the model.
- Chassis: Keep the chassis clean of accumulated dirt and grime. Periodically inspect the chassis for damage
- Steering: Over time, you may notice increased looseness in the steering system. There are several components which will wear out from use: the servo saver (Traxxas part #3744), the bellcrank bushings (Traxxas part #2545), and the tie rod ends (Traxxas part

- #2742). Replace these components as needed to restore factory tolerances. The bellcrank bushings (Rustler and Bandit only) may be replaced with 5x8mm ball bearings (Traxxas part #2728).
- ◆ Motor: Every 10-15 runs, remove, clean, and lubricate the motor. Use a product such as electric motor cleaning spray to flush dirt out of the motor. After cleaning, lubricate the bushings at each end of the motor with a drop of light-weight electric motor oil.
- Shocks: Keep the oil level in the shocks full. Use only 100% pure silicon shock oil to prolong the life of the seals. If you are experiencing leakage around the top of the shock, inspect the bladder in the top cap for signs of damage or distortion from overtightening. If the bottom of the shock is leaking, then it is time for a rebuild. The Traxxas rebuild kit for two shocks is part #2362.
- Suspension: Periodically inspect the model for signs of damage such as bent or dirty suspension pins, bent turnbuckles, loose screws, and any signs of stress or bending. Replace components as needed.
- ◆ Driveline: Inspect the driveline for signs of wear such as worn drive yokes, dirty axle half shafts, and any unusual noise or binding. If a u-joint pops apart then it is time to replace the part. Remove the gear cover and Inspect the spur gear for wear and check the tightness of set screws in the pinion gears. Tighten, clean, or replace components as needed.

Storage

When you are through running the model for the day, blow it off with compressed air or use a soft bristled paint brush to dust-off the vehicle.

Always disconnect and remove the battery from the model whenever the model is stored. If the model will be stored for a long time, then also remove the batteries from the transmitter.



Always wear eye protection when using compressed air or spray cleaners and lubricants.





7/2/2/3/5

1100 KLEIN ROAD, PLAND TEXAS 75074 1-888-TRAXXAS